EXHIBIT 4

EXHIBIT 4

RELEVANT DISCOVERY RULINGS ISSUED BY MAGISTRATE JUDGE FRANK MAAS

Early in discovery, Magistrate Judge Frank Maas issued several important orders in relation to discovery disputes concerning defendants Muslim World League ("MWL") and International Islamic Relief Organization ("IIRO"), but applicable to all defendants in discovery. Counsel for WAMY participated in those hearings and had a duty to inform his client of the Court's clear orders and ensure that WAMY complied with those directives. *See Greene v. Netsmart Techs. Inc.*, 2011 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 59710, *24 (E.D.N.Y. Feb. 28, 2011) ("While, of course, it is true that counsel need not supervise every step of the document production process and may rely on their clients in some respects, counsel is responsible for coordinating her client's discovery efforts[,] both in terms of the client's duty to locate relevant information and the client's duty to preserve and timely produce that information.")

HEARING	DESCRIPTION
April 12, 2011 (Mr. Mohammedi and Mr. Goetz participated in the hearing.)	On March 16, 2011, plaintiffs submitted a Motion to Compel seeking an order from the Court compelling the MWL and IIRO to abide by agreements reached during the meet-and-confer process and immediately produce all responsive materials relating to the "8 Categories" of documents requested by plaintiffs. Magistrate Judge Maas granted plaintiffs' motion and ordered the MWL and IIRO to produce all responsive documents relative to the 8 Categories within thirty days. Judge Maas stated the following: The Court: But the eight categories – and I know there is a dispute as to the extent to which there were or were not agreements back in October of 2007 – some of the eight categories seem to me to be extraordinarily simple in terms of locating documents. I mean take number 8, I am not sure what time period we are talking about, but in general give us the org chart is a pretty straightforward request made in every case of any size. It's something that most organizations have readily available, or if it doesn't exist because of the way your clients do business then the answer would be, sorry, we don't have it.
	April 12, 2011 Transcript of Record ("Tr.") at 27 (emphasis added).

April 26, 2011 (Mr. Mohammedi and Mr. Goetz participated in the hearing.)	On March 24, 2011, plaintiffs filed a Motion to Compel seeking an order directing the MWL and IIRO to produce <i>inter alia</i> documents relating to the Executive Order 13224 designations of the IIRO's branch offices in the Philippines and Indonesia and Abd al Hamid Sulaiman al Mujil, the IIRO's Executive Director of the Eastern Province branch, "for facilitating fundraising for al Qaida and affiliated terrorist groups." During oral argument at the April 26, 2011 hearing, plaintiffs raised concerns that the MWL and IIRO were not living up to their discovery obligations to search for and produce responsive documents:
	Mr. Carter: Our concern, really, at this point, your Honor, is that there seems to be a disconnect between our requests, the rules, and the kind of search that's being carried out by certain of these defendants.
	April 26, 2011 Tr. at 10 (emphasis added). Judge Maas sent a clear message to counsel for the MWL and IIRO that he must take a greater role in connection with his clients' discovery responsibilities.
	Court: I do think this is the type of stage of the case where you or somebody on your behalf needs to sit down with the folks who are responding to these requests and hold their hand to a certain extent and describe in greater detail what needs to be searched for. It's somewhat inconsistent to say, we have developed this massive index and, yet, not produce documents that relate to the employment of some of these individuals, directives they may have given or received and the like.
	And I recognize that, as Mr. Carter pointed out, there is a significant disconnect between that which was requested and that which has been received. And I'm not so naïve to think that perhaps it won't persist. I hope it doesn't. But if it does, I suppose that will lead to additional motion practice. And if the IIRO or any other defendant has failed to produce documents that manifestly are within its possession, custody, or control, that may lead to consequences that that particular defendant doesn't care for.
	Id. at p. 20 (emphasis added).
June 23, 2011	Plaintiffs sought the Court's intervention at the June 23, 2011 conference in relation to the MWL and IIRO's continued failure to comply with the Court's discovery orders of April 12 and 16, 2011. The

	Court expressly warned counsel for the MWL and IIRO of the possibility of sanctions for the defendants' continued refusal to comply with the Court's prior orders: The Court: What inevitably may happen in this case is that if responsive documents are not produced, and Mr. Carter and his colleagues are able to show that the documents exist and should be produced [] If they make a sufficiently persuasive showing, your clients may be faced with the prospect that I issue case-dispositive sanctions. So, I will let you finish talking but I just wanted you to understand my concerns and where we collectively may all be headed. June 23, 2011 Tr. at pp. 9-10 (emphasis added).
	Magistrate Judge Maas explicitly mentioned the possibility of the entry of default judgments: The Court: I think I have made my position clear which is that if a persuasive showing can be made that MWL and IIRO have not fully complied with the ruling that I made on April 12 and April 26, those organizations may be facing a more formal motion that I would entertain which if my recommendation were to be accepted by Judge Daniels might lead to the entry of default judgments against those organizations. Id. at pp. 17-18.
November 16, 2011 (Mr. Mohammedi participated in the hearing.)	Magistrate Judge Maas was not only clear that the MWL and IIRO were obligated to search every branch office for responsive documents, but that the defendants' failure on that point alone could lead to dispositive sanctions: The Court: It also seems to me that the request, unless Mr. Carter tells me otherwise, extends to each branch of the organization. And to the extent that there are nonduplicative files in the branches, those have to be produced, whether it's burdensome or not.
	This whole case is about money being diverted toward terrorist goals. As I understand it, the lion's share of the effort is to see where money went. So the notion that this is a

lot of paper or bytes of information and therefore burdensome, Mr. McMahon, doesn't really resonate to me.

Except to the extent that the two sides can agree that some branch office is not relevant, if each branch office is not queried and the documents from that branch produced, as far as I'm concerned that will have been an inadequate search and may lead to dispositive sanctions.

Mr. McMahon: I hear and appreciate that, your Honor.

November 16, 2011 Tr. at 14-16 (emphasis added). Judge Maas was also very explicit that the Court expected the MWL and IIRO to produce *both* audits and the underlying financial data:

The Court: Talk for a moment about audits. It seems to me the defendants will not have done their job as to audits unless they have searched their own records to make sure that if they have retained copies of audit reports and the documents that underlie the audit reports – I guess the first of those is more likely than the second – that that be produced. Saying, well, we'll contact the auditor and see whether they will give it to us if a copy of the audit report is sitting in IIRO's office doesn't cut it, as far as I'm concerned.

Mr. McMahon: I hear your Honor. You want any and all records produced that are still in the possession or control of the charities that in any way supported the audit.

The Court: Or that are the audit, yes.

Mr. McMahon: Ok.

Id. at 17-19 (emphasis added).

Judge Maas was especially direct with counsel for defendant Wa'el Jelaidan concerning the defendant's production of banking records requested by the plaintiffs. After determining that the account records are in fact within Jelaidan's control given his practical ability to obtain them from the banks, the Court

directed the defendant to undertake vigorous and expeditious efforts to obtain the requested banking materials, and to document those good faith efforts:

The Court: I guess, Mr. McMahon, it comes down to the same thing I said with respect to your other two clients, namely, that there has to be a full-court press. And, as Mr. Carter indicated and I've said before, it has to be documented. If you're not sufficiently able to document a vigorous effort to obtain those documents, it may be that sanctions are imposed.

Id. at 33 (emphasis added).

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     UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
    SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
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    IN RE: TERRORIST ATTACKS ON
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    SEPTEMBER 11, 2001
                                         03 MDL 1570
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 4
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 5
                                          April 12, 2011
 6
                                          2:00 p.m.
 6
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    Before:
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                           HON. FRANK MAAS,
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 9
                                          Magistrate Judge
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10
                             APPEARANCES
10
    ANDERSON KILL & OLICK PC
11
11
         Attorneys for O'Neill Plaintiffs and PEC
12 BY: JERRY S. GOLDMAN
12
13 KRIENDLER & KREINDLER LLP
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14 BY: JAMES P. KREINDLER
15 COZEN O'CONNOR
         Attorneys for Plaintiff Federal Insurance
15
16 BY: SEAN CARTER
17 MOTLEY RICE LLC
        Attorneys for Plaintiffs Burnett & Eurobrokers
17
    BY: ROBERT HAEFFELE
18
18
19 MCMAHON & ASSOCIATES
         Attorneys for Defendants IIRO, MWL and Wael Jelaidan
19
20 BY: MARTIN MCMAHON
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21
     LAW FIRM OF OMAR T. MOHAMMEDI LLC
21
         Attorneys for Defendants WAMY and WAMY International
22
     BY: OMAR T. MOHAMMEDI
22
         FREDERICK GOETZ (via telephone)
23
  ALSO PRESENT: STEVEN COTTREAU
24
24
                   STEVEN BARENTZEN
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                   SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.
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14C7TER1 1 (Case called) 2 (In open court) 3 MR. GOLDMAN: Jerry Goldman for the O'Neill plaintiffs and the Plaintiffs' Executive Committee. THE COURT: Good afternoon. MR. KREINDLER: James Kreindler, good afternoon, your 6 7 Honor. 8 MR. CARTER: Good afternoon, your Honor. Sean Carter 9 for the Federal Insurance plaintiffs. 10 MR. HAEFELE: Good afternoon, your Honor. Robert 11 Haefele from Motley Rice for the Burnett plaintiffs. 12 MR. MCMAHON: Good afternoon, your Honor. Martin 13 McMahon for defendants International Islamic Relief Organization, the Muslim World League and Weal Jelaidan. How 14 15 are you doing? 16 THE COURT: So far so good. 17 MR. MOHAMMEDI: Good afternoon, your Honor. Omar 18 Mohammedi on behalf of WAMY and WAMY International. MR. GOETZ: Good afternoon, your Honor. Frederick 19 Goetz appearing by telephone as cocounsel also on behalf of 20 WAMY. 21 22 THE COURT: Good afternoon. 23 MR. COTTREAU: Good afternoon, your Honor. Steven Cottreau for Dubai Islamic, and we are just observing today. 24 MR. BARENTZEN: And Steven Barenstzen. I am also just SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

here to observe, I believe.

THE COURT: We will find out as we go along.

As I think I indicated in an order there are
essentially three applications that I propose to addressed
today: First, the IIRO, Muslim World League and Wael Jelaidan
application; then the plaintiffs' March 16 letter about the
Muslim World League and IIRO documents; and then the WAMY
application. W-A-M-Y.

Before I get to those, one comment I had is that it is hard to deal with discovery requests that you folks are all knowledgeable about when the actual request is not furnished to me in the exact words that were used. And the local rule, 37.1 of the Civil Rules, requires a verbatim quote. In some instances I was given it, and in some instances I was able to back into it, and in some instances I may have had some other papers, but I believe there were times when I wasn't given anything that told me precisely what the request was.

It may be that I was just looking in the wrong places and actually had been furnished it, but in general the more clear you can make it to me in the actual letter requesting or opposing something, the better off we will all be.

So, let me turn first to the IIRO, Muslim World League and Wael Jelaidan of March 3 and anything that flows from that.

Yes, Mr. McMahon?

MR. MCMAHON: Yes, your Honor, I just want to make a SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

preliminary observation. Whether through my inadvertence or miscommunication, I was under the impression that we were going to only argue today our application for more specificity in terms of disclosures and also WAMY's application for more specificity disclosures.

I have secured some affidavits from Saudi Arabia pertaining to the efforts that my clients have undergone here in terms of discovery, and I think hearing their, I'm going to call it, first motion to compel, your Honor, I think we can defer that to a hearing where we combine the first motion to compel along with the more comprehensive second motion to compel, you know, to save judicial resources.

If necessary, I guess I could argue that today. As counsel commented, I think we are getting closer on the subject matters on the first motion to compel, but I want to go on record, your Honor, that I really thought we were just going to hit the applications, and that might take some time. I don't know.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, I think the parties addressed in their letters whether or not that application should be heard today, and I think we were very clear that we thought it should because it was fully briefed.

THE COURT: I thought I had issued an order that said it was going to be discussed today. Am I mistaken about that? MR. MCMAHON: No, I saw that, your Honor. And Mr. SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

Carter knew what my position was in terms of that I didn't think it had been properly, say, teed up, and that it would be better to move that into the more consolidated motion to compel. But if your Honor prefers, we can argue that today.

THE COURT: And it may be that as to some parts of it I reserve based on what you tell me. But why don't we see what happens as we go along.

So, why don't we first turn to your affirmative application concerning plaintiffs' disclosures.

MR. MCMAHON: First of all, your Honor, thank you for backing us into the afternoon slot. It avoids me getting up at 5:15, 5:30 in the morning.

We are now eight years out, your Honor, and we have been hit with these allegations of this worldwide conspiracy to fund international terrorism. Plaintiffs have accused IIRO, MWL and Wael Jelaidan of participating in this international campaign to fund international terrorists. Our clients have been sued for a trillion dollars, your Honor. I guess if you add the triple demand, that's \$3 trillion. They have been accused of heinous international criminal acts although nobody has been indicted. And I think it's about time that we held the plaintiffs' feet to the fire in terms of specificity, your Honor.

I think you know what the case law is here. The magistrate has issued an opinion, I think it was the Sheila v. SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

 New York City case. There was also a case we gave you which was the Sender v. Man case from Colorado, your Honor, involving 196 brokers. If the spoken party will not even make the effort to make a reasonable inquiry of witnesses, then it cannot simply produce a laundry list via the party. As such, it would defeat the purpose of Rule 26(a).

It is our position, your Honor, that they have produced a laundry list to us, and I will tell you what we have been specifically given.

We have been given the names of 1,632 individuals. That's if you include attachment A, your Honor. We have been given Guantanamo Bay detainees who apparently may tell us something. I am not sure they actually identified which one would tell us what. I'm pretty sure they don't.

would tell us what. I'm pretty sure they don't.

THE COURT: It's probably the first time Osama bin
Laden, former Senator Kerry and Diane Feinstein ended up on the
same list but...

MR. MCMAHON: It gets more amusing, your Honor. There are some people on that list who are dead. I don't know how we are going to talk to them.

THE COURT: Don't understand plaintiffs' counsel; they are nothing if not tenuous.

MR. MCMAHON: I've learned, your Honor.

The individual who died is Jamal Khalifa. Just to educate your Honor, this is the alleged hot button guy in the SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

Philippines for IIRO. What the plaintiffs never mentioned is that although he was convicted of terrorism charges in absentia in Jordan, the Jordanian Court of Cassation completely exonerated him on all of those charges.

We have basically inaccessible evidence, foreign intelligence reports. Where do I go, to Paris and ask the French intelligence agency to give me some documents?

They talk about F.B.I. 302s. Your Honor, I was in a big case in Washington, and I actually got all the 302s because they were Brady material. It was fascinating, and it helped our case tremendously. But I'm not aware of any mechanism whereby I can get those 302s. So, I think they are virtually inaccessible.

THE COURT: Well, one of the things that the plaintiffs' disclosure says -- and I went back to check, and I will ask plaintiffs' counsel whether it's correct as to all categories of documents -- there are, as I counted it, 23 categories of documents in the amended initial disclosures, at the end of which it says the aforementioned documents are in the possession of the Plaintiffs' Executive Committees.

So, as to any of these intelligence reports, or 302s, or whatever, the representation is that you don't have to go to some foreign country or anything but, rather, you can obtain them from plaintiffs' counsel.

Is it correct that all 23 categories of documents are SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

in the possession of plaintiffs' counsel or plaintiffs' executive committee?

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, that is true. And maybe some context would help. Essentially, you know, the plaintiffs had to build this investigation post-September 11, and in doing that there are essentially a couple categories of information that we have.

We have information that we as counsel collected ourselves, and that's sort of a broad array. You have dozens and dozens of congressional hearings that were held post-September 11 that we filtered through.

You have the complete archive of the 911 Commission, at least to the extent it's been released, which is the National Archives in Washington, and we sent people, and we read through all of that.

You have 302 statements which may have been released in some sort of prosecution, those kinds of settings. You have the Department of Defense from Guantanamo Bay, tens and tens of thousands of pages of documents that we filtered through to identify what pieces of information might be relevant to claims in the litigation.

So, as a result of those efforts we have collected all of this information and we are in possession of those materials.

Now, what the defendants really want is to know what SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

is our investigation and what do you have. That's essentially the focus of all the discovery that's being conducted. In general terms if you look at the structure of the Federal Rules, the advisory committee notes, they view with disapproval efforts to essentially build your case on the back of the efforts conducted by another party. And it's in that vein that a lot of the cases have held you can't simply obtain from another party documents that they have culled from a massive public record and select it as being significant. You can't necessarily get directly from them stuff that they've gone through the effort to obtain via the Freedom of Information

Now, with all of that said, we recognize that advancing a global objection to the discovery of that information on work product grounds doesn't advance the ball very much or at all.

THE COURT: You did do that.

MR. CARTER: Well, the objections are there, your Honor, but, you know, what really needs to happen here is that we have some structural problems. We have this information. To the extent it's generated by government officials or government agencies, you know, we have collected it, and we are prepared to disclose that kind of material in the context of discovery to move the case forward, to the extent it's relevant to the claims.

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 What we need is for this exchange of information to be somewhat simultaneous, and I think that's what the scheduling order contemplated, that we would have a rolling production by both sides, and that preserves some integrity in the process. And we are perfectly happy to do that as long as we are getting reciprocal productions from the other side; and so far we're not.

Some of the objections also, your Honor, are in there because in all candor on day one of the rolling production period none of us knew comprehensively everything that was in our possession. Hundreds and hundreds of thousands and potentially millions of documents, and we have to assert objections to the extent they may cover materials. At the end of the rolling production period I think everyone is going to see that we have given them the information that we have collected that they are fairly entitled to.

The problem is we made a significant production of documents on day 1 of the rolling production period, January 2 I believe it was, or right around then. We didn't receive a single document on that day from any of the defendants, and we have received very little since.

And in recent telephone conversations we have been advised that certain of the defendants don't even expect to complete their indexing of potentially responsive documents until June or July. And what we really need I think in place SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

at this point, your Honor, is some sort of structure that contemplates that there is going to be this reciprocal exchange, and I think we can get past a lot of these sort of isolated nitpicky fights with one another.

THE COURT: Let me hear some more from Mr. McMahon.
MR. McMAHON: Well, your Honor, I don't know. I saw
that, and I was going to write Mr. Carter a letter to confirm
all of this stuff is indeed available for the record.

My concern would be, take the topic of people that are incarcerated in either American or foreign prisons or something, do they have interviews of these people? Do they have interviews with the Guantanamo detainees? Or do they have a list of things about Guantanamo? That's what my problem is.

THE COURT: Well, let's assume that they interviewed somebody. Unless that person is going to appear at a trial or offer an affidavit or a declaration in opposition to the summary judgment motion, the interview doesn't move the ball forward a whole heck of a lot for them other than this background information.

If you say there is no evidence of X, and they have an interview of somebody, it seems to me that Judge Daniels is unlikely to consider the hearsay interview in opposition to a summary judgment motion. So, ultimately they brought the case and it's their burden to adduce admissible evidence in support of their claims.

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MR. MCMAHON: Well, your Honor, maybe I should just make this very simple, because I am kind of a simple attorney.

To the extent they claim there are a series of five or six terrorist incidents -- first the World Trade Center bombing '93; Khobar Tower bombing in '96; Embassy bombings in '98 in Eastern Africa; 2000 the attack on the Cole; and 2001 of course our 9/11 tragedy -- I don't know if it's too much to ask, but I would like to know who is the individual that says IIRO supported the attack on the USS Cole, and what is the document that says this? Not this 19 whatever it is CIA document akin to the golden chain.

I would like to know, for example, are you saying that the Muslim World League actually attacked the 9/11 towers? Or aided in the funding of? I'm sorry, your Honor, well, who says that? Who is the individual that says that? And where is the documents? That's what I'd like to see, your Honor. Because the more I read about Rule 26 research, it is designed to cut down on expenses of everybody and get right to it. And these are the potential witnesses that we will be calling. And sometimes that will certainly aid in potentially a settlement, for example, that they have somebody who saw the car go through a red light, I don't know.

But that's what I'm asking for, your Honor. That's the relief I seek. And I don't want to file another motion simply because -- well, let me say this: I would like to at SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

least inspect everything they have and then have the right to come back and renew this application if possible.

THE COURT: Well, one of the ironies is in complicated commercial cases there is apparently some sentiment among commercial lawyers on both sides, plaintiffs and defendants, to eliminate the Rule 26(a)(2) disclosure requirement and just get to discovery. And this case may be a paradigm for why that's not a bad approach, but I guess we're on the track we are on.

Let me tell you what I think is going to be appropriate, because I do think a list of, I didn't count them, a thousand names or even hundreds of names, many of which are unlikely to testify at the trial -- I would think if Osama bin Laden was cooperating with the plaintiffs he would have some trouble getting into the courthouse to Judge Daniels' courtroom for the trial. At least I would hope that would be the case.

MR. MCMAHON: Where would he go for the visa, your

Honor?

THE COURT: That's right. But what I think I'm going to direct is that the plaintiffs produce within 30 days a list of all the potential witnesses among those listed on their 26(a)(1) disclosures who they have the present ability to depose either because the individual is cooperating with them or because that person is subject to service of process, or for whatever other reasons may exist, and whom they have a present intention either to depose or to secure a declaration from, SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

 which isn't exactly what Rule 26(a) contemplates but should eliminate dead folks, should eliminate people who are in the mountains of Afghanistan and the like, and narrow it to what may still be a large list but hopefully won't be a thousand people.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, I think one of the reasons that you see certain names of people whom you have identified as individuals unlikely to show up at the courthouse is because some of those people may have said things that would be admissible under the rules of evidence even though they're not present in the courtroom.

THE COURT: But that will come in not in the form of -- well, it may come in in the form of a document that encapsulates that statement, and it will only come in, I assume, if there is some proof that a conspiracy existed such that the statement of Osama bin Laden, for example, can be used against a defendant who is actually at the trial.

MR. CARTER: That's correct, your Honor. And from our perspective we were doing this on the front end before any discovery had occurred, and so we necessarily had to include people who may show up.

I can give you a perfect example is Khalid Sheikh Mohammed who is now going to go through this process of being tried in a military tribunal, and we don't know what he may say. Based on some of his interviews, we think he may say SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

something directly relevant to remaining claims in this litigation. So, that's how the universe of witnesses was defined, we think in accordance with the requirement of the rule.

The complaint seems to be there are too many people who have knowledge. And I understand that your Honor's attempt to answer that is to have us identify people with whom we're presently able to secure a deposition, or some statement to that effect. And the plaintiffs don't have a problem with that save for concerns about the efforts that have been ongoing to identify nontestifying consultants.

Now, I don't think that they fall within the scope of the order you ${\mbox{--}}$

THE COURT: Well, I said somebody who you have the intention to either depose or introduce a statement of. So, if for example let's assume that there is somebody who is on the terrorist list not in the United States but on plaintiffs' payroll as a consultant, which may be farfetched, but if that's somebody who you are not presently planning to call and don't intend to use directly to support your case, that person wouldn't be on the list I have described.

MR. CARTER: I understand, your Honor. That's fine.
THE COURT: OK. But for each person who is on the
list I am going to require that you set forth topics as to
which you believe that person has personal knowledge of
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 discoverable information so that we don't have the same list of seven or eight incredibly broad topics for Senator Feinstein and Osama bin Laden -- I will pick two people hopefully at different extremes -- and everybody in between.

And what I am interested in is a description of what they are knowledgeable about that's not based on conjecture but based on some good faith basis for believing that they have some knowledge in that particular area.

Just so we're clear, I'm not directing a list that will supersede your prior 26(a)(1) disclosures. This is merely a supplement. So, your list of 1,000 names and main topics will continue to exist as your Rule 26 disclosure. I guess this is the CliffsNotes version of it.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, I think one thing that we would like to ask is that there be some similar effort on the part of the defendants to identify witnesses.

The difficulty arises because the current structure of Rule 26(a) simply requires a defendant to identify individuals they may use to support a defense. That doesn't necessarily mean that they're identifying all the witnesses within their organization who have relevant knowledge concerning the claims and defenses. So, to the extent there are folks within these organizations who have relevant knowledge, we would like to have them identified by the defendants with a disclosure of the nature of their knowledge.

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THE COURT: Well, let's take it a step at a time. I think I want to limit myself for the moment to 26(a)(1) disclosures or the modification I have described of it. And I know somebody's letter -- perhaps yours -- told me you haven't gotten a lot of 26(a) disclosures as yet. And let's just deal with it as we go along. Because I think also documents will inform the discussion once you get documents.

At the same time I want to indicate to the plaintiffs that I do not expect the sort of nonspecific list of topics that was provided last time, because I don't think you want me to inform the conclusion that, as the defendants allege you are doing, that this is simply a fishing expedition on the plaintiffs' part. Because if I were to conclude that, I would probably -- notwithstanding the fact that both sides said this is not a case in which the ten witness per side rule ought to apply -- I might nevertheless severely restrict the number of depositions that plaintiffs are allowed if I do conclude that we're just engaged in a fishing expedition here.

Let me focus in on the plaintiffs for the moment. After document discovery closes, and you have had an opportunity to review the documents, I may -- I'm not saying I will -- but I may require that the list I have just described be supplemented before discovery closes with a list of contemplated trial witnesses and the subjects that they may testify about, so that defendants can make informed decisions SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

about who they ought to depose rather than looking at a list of 200 potential witnesses, if that's what the number is.

I don't know what number will be provided in response to my directive about a narrower list, so I'm not at all certain that I will require anything like that, but that's something I have been considering.

As to the documents where there is a representation that all of those documents are in plaintiffs' collective possession, I guess, I'm not going to require that there be further specificity.

And I understand the objection that the plaintiffs have made in terms of attorney work product, and I do think a request that is couched in terms of "give us everything you have that you have collected" would, for example, be improper. And in particular something that said "give us everything that counsel has collected" would be improper.

But my view is that if there is a document that counsel have collected that responds to a specific subject matter request, for example, there is a request for all documents reflecting payments direct or indirect from IIRO to terrorists, if there is a document that plaintiffs' counsel as agents for plaintiffs have obtained from whatever source, whether it's a consultant or a trial exhibit in a criminal trial, or somebody flung it over the transom, I do think that document has to be produced. So, to that extent at least, I SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

19 1 don't buy that documents that you have culled don't have to be 2 produced. 3 MR. CARTER: Your Honor, I think we made clear that we didn't intend to withhold stuff on that basis. Again, our real problem here is that we are showing everything on our side. 6 THE COURT: Well, we will talk about timing as we go 7 8 forward. 9 MR. CARTER: OK. I mean I want to be clear, your 10 Honor, the stuff that has been produced already is significant. You know, there are references to the 302s, there have been reference to Treasury Department evidentiary memos, for 13 instance, concerning the IIRO and Wael Jelaidan. Your Honor, we've actually filed those of record in proceedings before you. 14 15 THE COURT: Both sides have accused -- well, not both 16 sides. Some of the defendants' letters suggest that a lot of 17 what was produced was newspaper clippings and the like. Whether that's valid or not, I don't know. MR. CARTER: Well, your Honor, there were newspaper 19 20 clippings, but we don't believe that the newspaper clippings 21 weren't subject to production. 22 THE COURT: No, I think that's right. 23 MR. CARTER: And we were trying to sequence this, and 24 in trying to sequence it, for instance, with WAMY, we went 25 through and collected all the media publications. We also went SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

through and collected every congressional hearing we had relative to the issue of terror sponsorship in which a witness made a reference to WAMY, and we have collected proceedings from other courts. So, that stuff has all gone.

And we are making a diligent effort to continue this rolling production, but it's very difficult when it's just not coming back.

THE COURT: And with that in mind, let me turn to your -- I guess it's your I was going to say March 16 letter.

MR. MCMAHON: Your Honor, can I just make two

observations on what you have just gone through?

THE COURT: Sure.

MR. MCMAHON: One is when they come in with these responses, do I get a response that says this is all the material we have on IIROSA's support for the Nigerian Embassy bombing or something? How detailed is this going to be? I don't want to come back here and make another application. The same would go of course for the other clients.

THE COURT: Well, I think implicit in anybody's production is a statement that this is all the material we have at the moment that's responsive to a particular request. It may be that somebody flings more documents over the transom that they then seasonably have to produce to you. But am I going to require either side to say this is all we have? I think that is implied in not turning over additional documents.

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I would assume that at some point -- you had suggested it in terms of one of your witnesses -- that at some point there will be depositions of document custodians to see what was or wasn't searched. Given the myriad sources that plaintiffs have utilized, that may be more difficult in terms of defendants questioning plaintiffs, but I would imagine at some point plaintiffs are going to want to know what was done by way of searching files at your end.

MR. MCMAHON: Yes, your Honor. We prepared two separate affidavits for MWL and IIROSA, and they weren't filed yesterday because, as Mr. Carter reminded me, you want the whole package simultaneously. That's one of the reasons I was thinking the first motion to compel should be into the second motion. And you can see for yourself, your Honor, the incredible man hours that these people have expended over the last six or seven years and what's coming down the road -- three million pages from MWL, 6,000 thousand folders, two million pages from IIROSA. Who is going to pay for the scanning and copying of all of that.

But there are a lot of issues I think you should hear at a comprehensive motion to compel and definitely read the affidavits, your Honor. Thank you.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, the affidavits were submitted pursuant to the briefing schedule for a motion that's not yet before the court, so they're not a part of this record. And we SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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14C7TER1 received them yesterday, and our preliminary analysis is 1 2 ongoing. 3 THE COURT: OK. Well, then maybe there is some merit to what Mr. McMahon was saying to me about putting off some of 6 One thing I was particularly interested in this was a 7 representation made that there were going to be certain indices 8 about what files existed, and it was in the future tense, "to 9 be provided". Have they now been provided? 10 MR. MCMAHON: Yes, your Honor. At that last 11 conference, if you recall, you had made a suggestion to me that 12 it's fine that there is the warehouse there, can you come up 13 with an index for that. And we have done that. It's long, 14 it's in Arabic, and I believe we have sent it to Mr. Carter. 15 There is now an index for the Muslim World League, 16 which is not that long, I think 10 or 12 page, albeit in 17 Arabic, your Honor. But there is also a website for the Muslim 18 World League that goes back to 1962, your Honor. I don't know if you know --19 20 THE COURT: They had a website then? 21 MR. MCMAHON: No. The website was created about 18 22 months ago, but the materials content goes back to 1962. John 23 Foster Dulles solicited the support of the Saudi Arabian government to fight Communism and to set up an entity that 24 25 would propagate faith, religion, even if it was not Islamic.

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 That's the nature of the 1962 date.

But, yes, your Honor it's been slow -- I apologize -- but I'm dealing with a different culture, and there have just been enormous problems. But I think once you see what effort they've put into this production, it's quite something, based upon the case law I've seen.

THE COURT: Well, I am mindful of perhaps what both sides have said in terms of not really getting deep into the merits of these arguments until our next session, but the fact that you have indexed the warehouse, if it doesn't tell them who and where relevant documents would be, it may not be that much of a step forward.

MR. MCMAHON: Well --

THE COURT: They are entitled within reason to have you segregate documents responsive to reasonable and particularized requests. Maybe the index does that.

MR. MCMAHON: I am hoping, your Honor, that whether they visit the MWL website, or they look at these indexes, that they then come back and state precisely that, Mr. McMahon, we like what you've done, but it doesn't go all the way, and here are the deficiencies. And then I can deal with that with the culture I'm involved with.

THE COURT: One thing that struck me in everybody's submissions was -- and maybe it's a function of the time period we are talking about -- but I don't think I saw a single SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

reference to electronic materials. And I would imagine that for at least some of the periods there must be some electronic files that are on both sides.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, if I could address that and provide some context. The way that we got to this point with this motion concerning the Muslim World League and the IIRO is that we served our document requests, we received numerous objections to them, and a number of attorneys went down to Mr. McMahon's office to confer with him on how we could get past this stuff.

At that time the objections that were raised and the problems that were raised, the predicate for the conversation, are the same problems are you hearing about today: We have a lot of stuff, it's very hard to find things, I'm dealing with another culture, they doesn't fully appreciate the U.S. litigation process.

And through the course of that dialogue what we attempted to do was identify categories of documents that could be readily retrieved and produced to the plaintiffs in the United States as a step of moving the ball forward. That's how we got to these eight categories of documents, and that's one of the reasons you don't have specific document requests, because this was essentially a compromise.

And so these documents were the very documents that were identified as being readily accessible. And we do SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

reference in there that we want certain electronic, for instance, lists of recipients.

Now, at various times we have been told that there is no electronic record for these organizations. In an earlier brief we made the point that one of the documents disclosed to us included a reference to a search conducted in 1995 of the IIRO's computer system to determine if they gave aid to a particular recipient. So, our view is that there is a computer system and it's existed at least to that time.

The indices that we received --

THE COURT: Let me interrupt you for a second and ask. They have proffered a sacrificial lamb in terms of somebody who they say is knowledgeable about recordkeeping, it sounded like, worldwide for one of the entities. Why wouldn't you want to talk to that person?

MR. CARTER: Well, the way this involved initially, your Honor, is that we actually proposed that there may be a possibility at an appropriate time to do the deposition of a records custodian. Our understanding is that the individual who has been most recently identified had resigned. Now that's our understanding of what we were told by Mr. McMahon at some point previously. Now he has obviously returned or maybe the earlier indication was inaccurate. Who knows.

THE COURT: Or he may have resigned but still be available for this purpose.

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MR. CARTER: Correct. The difficulty from our perspective is we are not really interested in learning the universe or Muslim World League's or IIRO's documents as a general matter. We have a pretty good handle on that, frankly, based on the limited discovery we've conducted and our own investigations. Before we take a deposition of a record custodian --

THE COURT: Forget deposition. I thought Mr. McMahon was saying come talk to the person, tour an office and see how the records are kept.

MR. MCMAHON: Your Honor, because I saw some case law to this effect, I think a defendant was sort of lectured by the court that it's a little late in the game to be doing this.

But three years ago we the started this invitation process specifically because there is some overlap between the MWL and IIROSA. But there is a New York office, there was a Virginia office, which the F.B.I. raided, and I'm getting back all of those documents. So, I thought, gee, the 9/11 lawyers would want to go to the MWL office to start with. But there is a London office that is fairly typical of the worldwide universe. We have offered London, Gibraltar, Madrid, even one of the countries where the embassy bombings occurred, Tanzania, I think, with the view you can come in and talk to people here and maybe get a better understanding of things and narrow things down. Because I feel it's in the best interests of SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

getting them what they say they need -- even though I have some views about this case -- and having our organizations be able to function for the next two years.

THE COURT: But the eight categories -- and I know there is a dispute as to the extent to which there were or were not agreements back in October of 2007 -- some of the eight categories seem to me to be extraordinarily simple in terms of locating documents.

I mean take number 8, I am not sure what time period we are talking about, but in general give us the org chart is a pretty straightforward request made in every case of any size. It's something that most organizations have readily available, or if it doesn't exist because of the way your clients do business then the answer would be, sorry, we don't have it.

But giving them indices of the whole perhaps worldwide warehouse doesn't necessarily tell them which file to go fish in for the org charts, and it seems to me that you sitting down with your clients, that that at least is something that ought to be fairly easy to say here it is.

MR. MCMAHON: I think so, your Honor. I think we can narrow our differences on that. For example, that MWL website I think even has that, but I'm not sure. I just want you to know, your Honor, at least I have been told -- and we were shocked at this. I have made six visits to the Kingdom, in fact held up another visit because of the court hearing -- it's SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

paper. We were astounded on our first trip. You just have paper? That's it? And I think Sameer al-Radhi references that in his affidavit. It was stunning to me.

Now, in the IIROSA main headquarters they have a whole series of computers and things, and they may be able to download that information, but we take the position, your Honor, that anything after 2001 is irrelevant, because we litigated this with Judge Daniels I believe, and he set the parameters from 1994 to 2001.

So, today if there is some electronic material -- and I think we sent some up recently -- it's to our opinion irrelevant, your Honor. But it really was astounding to us that they still do this by paper. That was way back in 2/2 or 2/3 when I made my first visit. But it is hard to believe, but that's what it is.

And Sameer spent an enormous amount of hours coming up with 6,000 folders, your Honor, that he believes, your Honor, are responsive to the document request made to the MWL.

THE COURT: Is that for the entirety of the document request or the eight categories?

MR. MCMAHON: Oh, no, your Honor. For the entirety of the request. He's got 6,000 folders, and they are not just these are all MWL documents. Those are 6,000 folders that have been culled in terms of matching up the Rule 34 requests. They had some issues, but I think he has done a good job. So, this SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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6,000 folders are sitting there, your Honor, and that's why we went out and got a cost estimate.

THE COURT: And these are sitting in Jeddah?

MR. MCMAHON: Mecca, but they can be transported to

Jeddah, because I specifically said they may hire a Muslim

lawyer, but I want to be able to represent to the court if they
want to just go to Jeddah, they can certainly go through these
folders. But there are folders that are responsive to the MWL
request, your Honor. This isn't just the MWL universe.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, let me take a few of these things in turn. The issue as to whether or not we should be traveling to Jeddah to run through these giant warehouses is the subject of another soon-to-come motion.

We had a meet-and-confer with both counsel for Muslim World League and WAMY last week, and we weren't able to resolve our differences. I am hoping when we present the arguments maybe we will be able to work through it. So, again that's not on the table today.

What we are talking about today is these eight categories. And the frustration from our perspective is that we went down, and we tried to work through all of these issues and find a path that would create momentum for the discovery process. We identified these very discrete categories of documents, and now we're back at a hearing years later, and we're being told you should travel around the world to all of SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

our offices to see how they work.

Well, you know, the traditional practice in discovery is that you send your requests, and the other side spends back the responsive documents. Some of the stuff we have seen produced to us thus far gives us tremendous pause about going to any of the offices, because what we get are salutary letters thanking the IIRO and Muslim World League for digging a well. And it's specifically that kind of stuff we've said we don't want; We are not interested in that.

THE COURT: Putting aside the obvious strength of views on both sides in this case, it's been my experience that when you are dealing with foreign discovery in any case, even it's the manufacturer of widgets, getting the very sorts of information that you seek is difficult just because of cultural differences. And it sounds like Mr. McMahon has done this to some extent, but usually out of frustration I have ended up directing the person in Mr. McMahon's position to go and sit down and sort of walk people through the files and do the types of things that an associate would do in this country, dispatch to somebody's warehouse in Iowa. And we may get to that. I hear what you are saying about the eight categories.

MR. CARTER: And, again, I think we want to focus on the eight categories, because everything else is not before the court. You know, when we start talking about the indices, the indices have 100,000 cells, so there is 100,000 entries in

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effect. We actually received four indices, and after analyzing them we realized that they had given us duplicates, so that there really only were two. You know, looking at those two, again you are left with 100,000 cells, and a lot of them just say things like "relief" or "health". That is not helpful.

Now, there are some where the categories are sufficiently specific, and we are only talking about two or three words that enable us to identify them as being of particular interest.

But our view was if we could start with these eight categories. You know, the next focus frankly is on documents pertaining to a gentleman named al-Mujio, who is designated by the U.S. Government and directed one of the IIRO offices in Saudi Arabia; the file for Mohammed Jamal Khalifa, who is alleged to have been a founding member of al Qaeda. This is pretty dead-on focused stuff that we're trying to get to, and to get to it we don't want to run through a bunch of warehouses everywhere.

THE COURT: One of the problems is, it seems to me -- and that's why I picked on item 8, the org charts first -- if I take something at the other end of your list, list of recipients of aid, Mr. McMahon said in his letter that there is 18,000 orphans who got aid. And I assume you are less interested in orphans than projects.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, I think that's accurate. The SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

issue though, the way we arrived at a request for recipients of aid was because Mr. McMahon told us at the meeting that the IIRO and the Muslim World League keep these impeccable records of everyone who has ever received aid, and they can document every single person. And that led us to the simple solution, well, if you can generate a list of the recipients, send it to us, and at that point we can say we are interested in these projects only, throw the rest of them away.

And so I know in a vacuum it's difficult to understand how we got to that, but it was as a result of the conversation.

THE COURT: What time period -- just to stick with recipients of aid, for example -- were you requesting it for? '94 through when?

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, I should clarify that. Judge Daniels' ruling was actually that discovery would go back to 1992. He did not address whether or not -- and it hasn't been briefed -- as to whether or not the period of discovery should extend past September 11, 2001.

THE COURT: That's why I was asking you, because I knew there was a start date in one of those decisions; I didn't have a recollection of an end date.

MR. CARTER: No, I think when we served these many, many years ago, we went through the present, part of the logic of that being some of the most important evidence may actually be from the period post 9/11, for instance when these SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

organizations were being implicated in terrorism and logically would have taken steps to identify people who were problems and maybe taken action against those people. So, cutting it off at September 11, 2001 doesn't make a tremendous amount of sense. We are willing to deal with a reasonable period after. It's just not something that we've discussed yet.

THE COURT: And notwithstanding what you said about the 6,000 folders and the indices, Mr. McMahon, and subject to some decision about the end date, what's so hard about producing a list of recipients of aid?

MR. MCMAHON: Your Honor, I'm going to stand up to clarify something. There's 40,000 kids in Africa alone who are receiving aid, as Sameer -- Mr. al-Radhi has corrected me.

THE COURT: Directly?

MR. MCMAHON: The way they receive aid, your Honor, it's maybe a remote village in northern Africa, the woman shows up, has her fingerprint, the kid shows up with a fingerprint, and they get two bucks a month I think for that. That's how it comes out.

THE COURT: And how is that booked on the books of MWL or IIRO? Is it village A got \$20,000? Or is it Abdul got \$2 with this person he came with?

MR. MCMAHON: I appreciate your insight, your Honor, trust me. First of all, MWL is the organization up here that was created in '62.

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THE COURT: OK.

MR. MCMAHON: I forget how many years later there was a decision made, you know, to actually implement aid we have to set up another arm which will deal with building wells, going to people who have suffered in typhoons or whatever, emergency health care, things like that, and that's IIRO. So, there would be IIRO records which I personally looked at in Jeddah, quite comprehensive. But I can try to get the names of 40,000 orphans.

THE COURT: Does MWL make direct grants to anybody, or is everything funneled through?

MR. MCMAHON: No, I believe everything is funneled through IIROSA, your Honor, in terms of the issues that they are looking at. MWL gets its money from the Kingdom, but they don't do I think the orphans.

The theory of the plaintiffs, I believe, is that cash can leak out of this system. I have looked at the system, and I used to be with the Securities Investor Protection Corporation, your Honor, and I tracked money laundering all the time. And I surprised them with my request to review the records. No hesitation to do that.

So, it's only IIROSA, I think. And it really is financial records. These guys want to see whether IIROSA has links to -- for example, did IIROSA send money over to America so that conspirator number 5 got flying lessons in Denver or SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

something. I think that's where they're going.

THE COURT: Well, that's I would assume part of it. They're probably not going to be able to look behind each and every individual who got his, as you said, \$2, but I would imagine they would be interested in large payments either because of where they go or when they go or whatever.

MR. MCMAHON: Your Honor, I think it's going to be very helpful. I'm somewhat remiss here. This is my fourth production. We have had Ashton, Burnett. We had the Treasury Department, OFAC, Office of Foreign Assets Control, and now we have federal. There are a lot of documents floating around the office, and I just recently got a handle on them. I gave them to Mr. Carter as a result of our last communication. But I think categories 1 and 2, annual report and the financial statements, do not pose an issue for us, and I have told that to Mr. Carter. 8 does not pose an issue. And some of the others I think overlap. But one of the reasons I deferred the trip to Saudi was to get a better handle on things.

For example, on the 6,000 folders of the Muslim World League, can I get some way to identify all the folders that are financial, which they are looking for? I think that's my job. That's a task down the road.

THE COURT: Just out of curiosity, when you deal with these folks in Saudi Arabia, do they speak English or are you dealing through a translator?

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MR. MCMAHON: Sameer is pretty good, your Honor. But when I deal with the MWL folks from Mecca and they come into Jeddah, one of them speaks English but not very well. And I have noticed in some of my e-mails with Sameer that there has been a misapprehension on something, and we tried to correct it. And sometimes we even talk on Skype. I promised him I would be Skyping him tomorrow after our session today. So, I will indeed ask him about the MWL records of 6,000 folders, is there a category there for financials.

THE COURT: Let me go back to Mr. Carter, since there seems to be a consensus that a lot of this should be the subject of our next session. Tell me what you want me to deal with today, if anything.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, when I look at the response that was filed, for, say, five of the eight categories there is an agreement they should be produced. So, you know, we think that those documents should be produced now because we have been waiting for them for a long time.

You know, now there is an argument in there that we can't possibly give you financial reports from the field offices because they are not submitted back to the headquarters.

 $\,$ THE COURT: Which is contrary to the materials you gave me.

MR. CARTER: Right. And so those do exist, and we do SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

want those periodic financial reports.

Again, this is a very, you know, confusing circumstance because we went, we spent all the time to meet and confer, we came up with these categories, we sent a letter back in 2008. There has never been an indication that there is an inability to comply with it, and we are essentially hitting the restart button again today much later.

So, I think all we want to addressed to is the eight categories and have an order entered that those should be produced.

THE COURT: Well, I am looking at Mr. McMahon's letter and category 7, which is summaries of disbursements, which I guess is a CliffsNotes view or a macro view of what is going on in these organizations. It says will be produced Washington D.C. or Jeddah, depending on the timeframe, see attached annual reports. I'm not sure I had any attached annual reports. But it would seem to me if these are summaries of disbursements, Mr. McMahon, they can't be voluminous, and it ought to be fairly simple to produce them if not forthwith then pretty chose to forthwith rather than in Jeddah.

MR. MCMAHON: No, I checked the annual reports, your Honor, and it is in there in detail, the expenditures. So after reviewing those -- and I have different years. I have to get them all together -- I don't see any problem with that, your Honor; it's part of the annual report. And they are SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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audited I think now by KPMG, but there are audited financials too, which I sent I think four up.

THE COURT: And you also say that you are going to produce org charts. But there is the issue where you have said that there is no reporting up. And there seem to be a host of documents that suggest the contrary.

MR. MCMAHON: Yes, your Honor. I was mistaken in that. And I will you frankly, this is the most extraordinary case I have ever had to defend, and I have never been in a case with so many issues. But I think that was my fault, your Honor. Again, it stems from this production. We have had to produce stuff for different plaintiffs and the Treasury Department. So I think that is part of that is for me. And Sameer is trying to -- well, as I said, I'm going to be Skyping him tomorrow to get clarification on that issue.

THE COURT: Well.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, if I --

THE COURT: Please.

MR. CARTER: You know, one of the points of confusion I think here is that we're several years into this with the Muslim World League and IIRO, and Mr. McMahon is presenting an argument that there are no reports up from the field offices to the headquarters, and then withdrawing that when we point out the documents that have been produced.

There was an indication today that the Muslim World SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

League does not engage in any direct grants of aid. The documents previously produced by the Muslim World League very much indicate that it does give aid directly and engages in operational activities on its own independent of the IIRO.

So, we are so far along in the process, and there seems to be a lack of understanding of the organizations, and as a consequence we have no confidence that what is coming back to us is complete.

What we see when we raise an issue is a production of a limited amount of documentation which doesn't represent the complete universe but something sort of intended to appease us. And what we really want is to get going, and that's it.

THE COURT: And what are you suggesting I do other than say produce these eight categories or copies of the materials responsive to these eight categories in the United States in short order?

MR. CARTER: Nothing further than that, your Honor. Beyond that, you know, we focused, given the timeframe that's available for us to conduct discovery, and that's why we have another motion that we served on Mr. McMahon which focuses very much on the activities of an individual in Saudi Arabia who had control over purse strings and has designated a person in the Philippines who is Osama bin Laden's brother-in-law and has been listed as a terror financier and supporter.

One other thing I should mention, there is an effort SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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to categorize this as being only about financial transactions. And that's not the case. In many circumstances what you really have is these organizations in our view facilitating the movement of members of al Qaeda by giving them false credentials so they can enter into Afghanistan, for instance, and get to an al Qaeda camp. And when you look at the Department of Defense summaries for the Gitmo people, you have 7 8 witness who say I was at this al Farouq camp, an al Qaeda 9 training camp, I was an employee of the IIRO. 10 So, it's not just about money; it's about other 11 topics; and we are trying to focus in on all of those. But I 12 just want to disabuse the idea that if we just get some 13 financial transactions we would be done. 14 MR. MCMAHON: Your Honor, I think we have given you 15

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all the Jamal Khalifa files, just on our last production. We gave you whatever we have.

You are focusing on Wael Jelaidan, but IIROSA has nothing to do with Wael Jelaidan. The problem, your Honor, is sometimes these offices are overlaid and they share offices.

THE COURT: I have been told by MWL and IIRO. How does Wael Jelaidan fit in with those two?

MR. MCMAHON: He thinks IIROSA is the employer of Wael Jelaidan, which is not the case.

Wael Jelaidan, your Honor, was very important in Afghanistan. He headed up the refugee mission, and he got to SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

know, among other things, Osama bin Laden very well, but that's what his job was. So much of this case goes back to -- and it's in their papers, your Honor -- goes back to Afghanistan, the occupation, when the CIA and the Saudi intelligence were one-on-one and were getting stingers missiles to the Mujahideen to get rid of the Russians. That's what is another theme in the disclosures, your Honor. But Wael Jelaidan only features in that he is an individual defendant and he did have, I believe -- well, he had a relationship with an entity called the Rabita Trust, your Honor, which is in jurisdictional discovery; it's not up for anything today. He was the executive director of the Rabita Trust.

THE COURT: Well, tell me why I shouldn't -- let me go back a step. You indicated that you have postponed a trip to the Kingdom for purposes of this conference, and I gather you will be going there soon. Why shouldn't I say that the documents responsive -- and I think we need to fix an end date -- but the documents responsive to categories 1 through 8 have to be produced within three weeks in the United States?

MR. MCMAHON: Well, I could probably use the other week, your Honor. It's not going to matter I think to them, so I would ask for four weeks, your Honor. I think that's what they asked for, 30 days, or maybe that was your second motion to compel. I think you asked for production in 30 days.

MR. CARTER: I think it says 20, your Honor, but... SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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THE COURT: It does. Well, 20 or 30 is not a big difference. Suppose I say 30 days but direct that the documents responsive to those eight categories through 2004 -- MR. CARTER: That's fine.

THE COURT: -- '92 through 2004 be produced in the United States within 30 days.

MR. MCMAHON: Your Honor, could you just put on the record why we're moving off? I'm not sure, and I don't want to misspeak, but I thought it was 2001 or December of 2001 when the cut-off date was. I haven't gone back and looked.

THE COURT: OK. I remembered there was -- maybe I have it with me -- it may have been an exhibit somebody gave me. I remember Judge Daniels' order saying that the start date was I thought '94. It may be '92. We will go back through the file and whatever it is, it is.

If Judge Daniels set some other date, and you convince me of that, I will shorten the period. But failing that, it seems to me the end of 2004 is a reasonable cut-off. It should get easier to produce it the closer we get to 2011 both in terms of hopefully electronic systems and just in terms of accessibility.

MR. MCMAHON: I just don't think there are any allegations in the complaint that bear on that, your Honor. Basically they allege that you take the World Trade Center and then you go back to say the 1996 Khobar Towers bombing or SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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14C7TER1 1 something. THE COURT: But it's reasonable to look at is there a 3 sudden change in the way disbursements are made such that it shows either a cover-up after the fact or sheds light on something that was unusual about the earlier disbursements. So, I don't think a snapshot rather than sort of a continuum is 7 appropriate. People can argue about when the period ought to 8 end. Feel free to send me a letter that tells me that Judge 9 Daniels has already ruled on this, and if he has, I will modify 10 it. If you want to send me a letter telling me why it should 11 end significantly before 2004, I will read it, and any response 12 I get from plaintiffs, but I'm likely not to change that 13 period. 14 MR. MCMAHON: I understand, your Honor. I just 15 thought that was Judge Daniels' call, that's all. THE COURT: If he has made it --16 17 MR. MCMAHON: No, any subsequent calls. If he is 18 going to change the timeframe, I thought that's in his 19 bailiwick, not yours, but... 20 THE COURT: No. The only reason I'm saying if he set -- and I know he did set a date -- whether it's '92 or '94, 21 I don't remember as I sit here -- I'm not going to contravene 23 that. If he didn't set a date, trust me if he is asked, he is

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not going to be upset with me setting a date. And in fact I

assume if I were to reconsider based on new facts and say the

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14C7TER1 date should start in '89, I don't believe, unless he thinks I'm clearly erroneous, he is going to change that. I am just 3 saying if he or I decided what the start date is, I don't want to keep revisiting the same issues. MR. MCMAHON: I understand, your Honor. Thank you. 6 MR. CARTER: Your Honor, I am actually looking at Judge Daniels' order concerning the timeframe issue, and it 7 8 sets '92 as the early date, presumptive early date and it 9 doesn't set a terminal date. 10 THE COURT: OK. 11 MR. CARTER: The order was issued on December 21, 12 2004. 13 THE COURT: Do you have you the docket entry number at 14 the top? 15 MR. CARTER: I'm sorry, 2007. There is no docket 16 entry. But it is Exhibit E, your Honor, to our April 7 letter. 17 THE COURT: Oh, right, I knew I read it somewhere. 18 MR. CARTER: So, it's there. 19 With regard to the latter period in 2004, just as one 20 example, your Honor, the Treasury Department evidentiary memo supporting the designation of the IIRO includes language 21 22 stating that the IIRO's sponsorship of terrorism continued at 23 least through the first half of 2006. So, there is information 24 of record to justify this later period. 25 You mentioned also, you raised an inquiry about why SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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1 Wael Jelaidan might fit into all of this, and Mr. McMahon 2 suggested that he has nothing to do with the Muslim World 3 Leaque or the IIRO. Wael Jelaidan's CV -- which is one of the only things he's produced to us -- indicates he was the director of the Muslim World League, one of its officers, for a 6 period of many years. So, it is our understanding that the 7 office in question was a joint Muslim World League/IIRO office, 8 that in the capacity as that director he had the ability to 9 issue papers to purported relief workers; and Jamal al-Fadl had 10 testified before federal agents that Jelaidan did in fact 11 provide humanitarian papers from the IIRO for al Qaeda people. 12 So, that's sort of how he fits into this mess.

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THE COURT: Shall we move on to the WAMY request letter? Mr. Mohammedi, the letter of March 3, I guess, was the start of that chain.

MR. MOHAMMEDI: Yes, your Honor, we have eight issues before this court now. The first one we believe that plaintiffs' continued argument of discovery given that it was rejected --

THE COURT: I'm sorry, I am having trouble hearing.
MR. MOHAMMEDI: I said plaintiff is using the argument
of federal discovery in a way they want to extend the evidence
before they produce the documents. And we are having a hard
time understanding the rationale. We don't believe this is a
valid objection. This is the first objection that they have
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 which is a general objection.

Now, the second objection that they have, in all their general objections what they keep saying is all our requests, including document requests, are contention interrogatories. They have not been specific to the specific request that they think are contention interrogatories. And your Honor specifically mentioned that you cannot make a decision based on abstract. And their objection is general objections, not specific objections to specific document requests or interrogatories.

We do believe that WAMY and WAMY International need proof, and so far we believe plaintiff has produced mostly newspaper clippings. We just believe that the plaintiff, if it believes that there is no document available to them, they just need to say so. However, most of their responses are very vague responses and with general objections such as contention discovery requests.

One important issue that they mentioned also is that they keep making more allegations about WAMY, actually Muslim World League being the parent company for WAMY, yet we have not received one single document from them demonstrating that. And we made the request specifically to those, and we have not received anything about that.

Now, the third issue that we would like to address is the privilege. They have not produced one single document SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

showing a privilege log. Most of their argument is the fact that they are claiming that there is some document that came into possession and they deem them to be privilege documents. So, for us to see if those are privilege documents, we would like to receive a privilege log. And they make the argument that WAMY made the same objection. But we did produce the privilege document.

The other issue that we would like to address is the protective order whereby they are stating that they would withhold documents and identities of witnesses because they're afraid for their safety. We do believe that if they do have an issue with safety, the proper approach is to produce or to file a motion for a protective order. And there is a protective order in place as we speak, where Judge Casey had that approved when we were negotiating between plaintiff and defendants.

Now, the other issue that I would like to address is issue number 5 and objections to WAMY's interrogatories 4 through 12. What they keep mentioning, they keep referring to RICO statements.

THE COURT: To what statements? I'm sorry.

MR. MOHAMMEDI: RICO statements. We do believe that Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 33, really a party has to answer interrogatories, specifically to the specific request of that interrogatory, not to mention or to refer to documents. And most of those responses are referring to documents to RICO SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

1 statements.

Now, the other issue that we would like to address is issue number 6. And I think this one you have already made a ruling on it. We do believe that fact witnesses, they have to produce them. The identity of fact witnesses, I think they have to produce those witnesses if they have direct knowledge of the facts of the case. We are not asking them to produce documents of people who they are not calling for trial, but any fact witnesses.

THE COURT: When you say produce, you mean identify. MR. MOHAMMEDI: Identify, yes. And that was in response to our interrogatory number 1.

Now, if you go to issue number 7, would it be possible with the plaintiffs' production --

with the plaintiffs' production -THE COURT: Wait. Let me go back to interrogatory 1.
That's not asking who has knowledge of the facts. That's asking who did you ask for information that relates to all the other interrogatory answers.

MR. MOHAMMEDI: If they are related to facts, we believe that they should be produced.

THE COURT: OK. I'm sorry to interrupt. Go on to number 7.

MR. MOHAMMEDI: Number 7 is plaintiff produced 1,072 pages of documents on WAMY. They also claim they produced 7,000 pages through Muslim World League which they claimed that SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

Muslim World League is part of the company. We don't have the 7,000 pages. However, the problem we have, even the 1,072 pages, which we state the fact that they are mostly newspaper clippings, they have not stated specifically which document corresponds to which request.

Now, plaintiff I believe they make the arguments that because WAMY's requests were broad, they had to dump documents with WAMY as a response. I will give your Honor a few examples.

WAMY made a request where they ask specifically how WAMY uses its funds to sponsor terrorist activities. In request 75 specifically it requests that plaintiff show any knowledge that WAMY had that its actions were aiding and abetting al Qaeda. And they made the argument also that WAMY -- which is not before this court but I just want to clarify the record -- that WAMY are doing the same thing.

As a matter of fact, discovery just started, and we specifically had a conference with them, and we told them that we have specific index that relate to specific requests for them to review and then we'll produce these documents. That's issue number 7.

Issue number 8 relates to service. We do believe that there was no decision made by Judge Daniels on the service issue related to WAMY. And he was very specific.

THE COURT: Let me cut you short on that one. I have SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

read the opposing papers, and as to documents that relate to service I'm firmly convinced that one side is right, I just don't know which side is right, but I'm also convinced that the documents are not voluminous, so as to documents evidencing or relating to service I'm going to direct that those be produced. Who wants to speak to the other issues?

Before you do that, we are dealing with a handful of the parties who are in merits discovery now, but two thoughts I had as folks were talking. The first is I don't believe there is a Rule 502 order in this case relating to the production of privileged documents inadvertently or advertently. And just anticipating issues down the road, if we get to voluminous productions, I wonder whether it's not useful for me sua sponte to simply enter a Rule 502 order.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, I think the court raised that possibility in one of the earlier hearings concerning defendant Barzinji, and we were receptive to the idea.

THE COURT: OK. I had forgotten I had done that, but I will probably then do that in fairly short order. And it won't relate simply to inadvertent production; it will be production. Because otherwise you get into -- and I may have said it the last time -- battles about was it inadvertent or advertent, and I don't think those are worth worrying about.

The other is what Mr. Mohammedi was just talking about, which is giving documents to defendant A but not SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

defendant B and assuming that they will find their way to everybody. There really is no arrangement on either side, or as a practical matter there probably is on the plaintiffs' side, for some sort of centralized document repository here, correct?

MR. CARTER: There is not an arrangement for a centralized document repository. The procedure that had been implemented years ago is for the plaintiffs to copy on any productions Mr. Kabat who was serving in a capacity as liaison counsel for the Defendants' Executive Committee, and that was intended to be the vehicle for ensuring everybody received all the documents.

THE COURT: And that's what is continuing to happen? You are giving him a disk or something?

MR. CARTER: That is what is continuing to happen. And, you know, I think the gap here is simply because merits discovery was ongoing as to the Muslim World League and not as to WAMY, and so there was probably a less interest on the part of defendants in collecting discovery when their motions were pending. But it's not a problem for us to produce the stuff that we have produced previously.

MR. MOHAMMEDI: Your Honor, the issue is not only the fact that there are 5,000 I believe you mentioned, 5,000 documents that were supposed to review them and they are related to WAMY. We really do believe that for a response SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

document they have to be corresponding to our requests specifically.

THE COURT: OK. Well, you had seven or eight I guess issues. Let me hear from Mr. Carter.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor --

THE COURT: Let me just interrupt you and go off the record for a second. $\,$

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, I think potentially we can take one issue off the table right away with regard to the reference made to procedures for privilege logs.

We had lengthy meet-and-confers two weeks ago with counsel for Dubai Islamic Bank and then a general session, and where we left was there was going to be a proposal submitted to plaintiffs about how we were going it approach privilege log issues. So, we are waiting for that proposal, and then we will see if we can work out something on a collective basis about that.

With regard to the issues concerning identifying witnesses, I think that the court has effectively dealt with that through the requirement issued earlier in the context of the Muslim World League's 26(a) motion.

Part of the issue here though is that the focus of this motion was in part on identifying consultants who are not expected to testify. There is no real reason for the identity of those folks to be disclosed. And this is one of those SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

unique cases where there are actually some reasons to have concern. Putting aside safety, you also have the issue of the problem of liable tourism which has affected folks who work in this area and comment about terrorism and terrorism sponsorship. So, we just don't see a basis for there having any necessity to identify those folks.

With regard to the protective order --

THE COURT: Well, and I'm not sure they fall within 26(a)(1), which talks about each individual likely to have discoverable information which a consultant would be. Well, I guess it's arguable. But I think you're right that my modification or supplementation of what you need to produce should deal with that issue.

Just so the record is clear, I'm not sure I've said it, but non-testifying consultants to my mind need not be identified.

MR. CARTER: Thank you, your Honor. You know, more broadly, when we sort of look at this motion, again one of the difficulties is that WAMY is essentially urging this court to require plaintiffs to produce everything immediately; and we haven't received a single document from WAMY Saudi Arabia. And I think a lot of these concerns, objections, all fall by the wayside once we have made our complete production. There is a concern Mr. Mohammedi has expressed about the production consists of newspapers. Well, it's a rolling production. It

wasn't just newspapers; it was other things.

THE COURT: I understand there is a bit of gamesmanship or brinkmanship here but ultimately -- perhaps not with any defendant who is here today -- you may get to the juncture where defendant X has requested documents from you and yet is not playing fairly in the sense that they haven't produced anything. But I don't think I can operate on the principle that two wrongs make a right.

It may be that you are in the position of producing documents as the way of being able to say either direct that they produce documents that they should have produced and haven't produced or strike their answer or do something Draconian.

So, I don't think in each instance you can say until they give us a commensurate number of documents we're sort of slowing up what we're producing or giving them the less important stuff first or anything like that.

MR. CARTER: I don't think that's what I intended to say, your Honor. My point is more that we have already made an initial production, and, you know, on the defendant's side they are saying let's be realistic about this, it's going to take some time.

And we have to go through that process too, and it's a rolling production, and some of the concerns that are being raised simply start to fall away as that production continues.

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THE COURT: Let me also say that -- and I think I have said it before -- generally speaking I view general objections as surplusage. There is a decision by magistrate Judge Grimm in Maryland. It may be the Mancia, M-a-n-c-i-a, decision; it may be one of his other decisions; but he makes the point quite forcibly that general objections rather than objections that are tailored to specific requests are not worth the paper they're written on. And that pretty much is my view.

So, to the extent there were concerns about withholding of documents based on general objections, I don't view a general objection as a basis for withholding documents. I understand that in your letter there were some explanations for why that was done, but I just thought I would make that point clear.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, it is one of those things that both sides have included general objections.

THE COURT: Lawyers -- you know, that seems to be part of what must go on in every case. I guess there is some manual that says that. And the other is that -- and it certainly happened in this case -- everybody quotes to me the number of documents the other side has produced, and the fact that one side has produced a thousand documents and the other a million, people assume that has some significance. But there is always the possibility that one side only has 1,000 documents and the other side has millions of documents. So, the number of SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

documents, unless it's disproportionate to what seems ought to exist, really doesn't move me one way or the other.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, on that point there was a suggestion that we're engaged in some attempt to manufacture a document dump. That's not happening. I would say in the first instance that any documents that we have necessarily relate on some level to the claims advanced in the litigation. It's not as though we just collected every article in the world that said WAMY's name and sent it back to them. That's not what happened.

The concern with referenced with regard to specific requests or interrogatories I think is driven by a disconnect between the plaintiffs and certain of the defendants about certain of the substantive standards.

So, for instance, when there is a request that says any documents that support your claim that this organization aided and abetted the September 11 attacks, the plaintiffs' view, based on our reading of the law, is that general support provided to al Qaeda served to facilitate the organization's ability to carry out the attacks. So, a broad discovery request for any documents that you may use to support the claim that this organization supported in any way the September 11 attacks gets all the documents. But we did with respect to all of the more narrowly tailored requests identify very specifically.

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THE COURT: Let's stick with the one you just described. And is your planned response to that to provide all the documents that you think are responsive even though it's voluminous?

MR. CARTER: Yes.

THE COURT: OK. And that's what we have begun the process of doing. And of course we're not producing our internal written memos, those kinds of things. But that feeds into what Mr. Mohammedi said about providing a response which indicates which documents support which request.

MR. CARTER: Correct, your Honor. And there are certain requests that are more specific and narrowly tailored, and with regard to those we can cull from the broader universe, and we have, and we have identified those limited documents that speak to a particular issue.

THE COURT: OK. So, for example, if it said any disbursements that WAMY made to terrorists, if you had such documents you would reference a narrow group of documents.

MR. CARTER: That would be a narrow group.

THE COURT: OK, go on.

One thing I'm not clear on is generally speaking there is a local rule which at the outset of discovery -- and notwithstanding the age of the case, we are at the outset of discovery in most instances -- limits what are permissible interrogatories. And I'm not sure whether there were other SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

understandings that were reached along the way, or what the circumstance is.

MR. CARTER: There were not, your Honor. Many, many years ago Judge Casey during a conference indicated that he didn't necessarily intend to adhere strictly to the local rules particularly with regard to interrogatories. And you know, it really has sort of mushroomed from there sort of beyond what I think everyone expected at the time.

I don't know of any order that's actually written on that point.

THE COURT: And have plaintiffs served interrogatories to which there have been responses also?

MR. CARTER: I believe we may have served interrogatories on al Haramain, but that was also subject to an agreement that had been reached, and it was when the case was in D.C. I do not recall having served interrogatories at all since.

THE COURT: Well, what I am inclined to do -- and maybe since we don't have everybody at this conference, since I presume they will read the transcript of this conference -- is discuss at our next conference whether in fact interrogatories should be limited to those which the local rule contemplates at the outset of discovery.

I'm not a big fan of interrogatories. Folks think that as between a particular defendant and plaintiff that SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

interrogatories move the ball forward. I'm certainly not going to get into the middle of that, but I would like to get the show on the road, and I think interrogatories, in particular contention interrogatories, or interrogatories that say what interrogatories support contention 3, are not useful at this point.

So, what I am inclined to do is say except to the extent the parties otherwise agree, or there is some particular circumstance that causes me to otherwise correct direct, interrogatories will be limited to those very narrow topics that are within the local rule.

So, on the defense side you should make that known that that's something I plan to take up next time.

 $$\operatorname{MR}.$$ CARTER: I think we may have hit on everything, your Honor. I could be mistaken.

THE COURT: One thing I wanted to make clear -- and I think I have said in part already -- a request that says "give us all the documents that you contend supports a particular paragraph of the complaint" may implicate work product or privilege, but if it's something more directed to subject matter, such as "give us all the disbursements between A and B or whatever," even if it's something that counsel obtained rather than their clients, I do think it has to be produced.

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 make sure I cover the universe here.

There is also, on page 5, plaintiff's
March 18th letter, a statement that says, in part: Plaintiff's
are not evoking these privileges, namely work product and
attorney/client on a wholesale basis in an effort to avoid
production. Plaintiffs have merely raised the objection to
preserve the privilege in producing documents in good faith.

THE COURT: I'm not sure I have any idea what that means.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, I think we addressed a little bit earlier that we were venturing into this process. And without getting into too much detail about how we all maintained our information and evidence, at the time of the deadline for the responses, we didn't have a complete picture of what we have and so, you know, we have to anticipate that there might be something in there that invokes the privilege but --

THE COURT: Actually by the close of document discovery, I will expect -- and I understand that it's subject to some discussions now, but -- not say by close of discovery, we're going to have to have a discussion about a date by which everybody will produce a privilege log. Except to the extent that you carve out categories of documents. Then it may be useful to have a discussion about subjects as to which, or chronological periods, as to which you won't actually schedule SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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privilege documents on a log.

 $\,$ MR. CARTER: I think that is precisely the discussion we intend to have, your Honor.

THE COURT: I don't know whether any of you have looked at, but Judge Facciola, who some of you from D.C. Probably know, together with another author, I forget who it is, wrote an article in the Federal Court's law review, which is the on-line journal of the Federal Magistrate Judges' Association, so it's easy to find on line, that suggested a simple protocol for trying to simplify privilege logs. And you my find some useful thoughts in there in terms of ways to make the process less burdensome.

In terms of the concerns Mr. Mohammedi alluded to about documents from sources who were sensitive and the like, I do agree with Mr. Mohammedi that if something -- if you're proposing to withhold something on the basis that it might endanger somebody, I don't think you can make that decision unilaterally. There has to be a motion for a protective order, either as to specific documents and categories of documents, and witness names, and the like. And what I did look at, Judge Casey's protective order. It didn't have, if I have read it correctly, an attorney's eyes only category which is, again, something that you may want to discuss with the defendants committee.

MR. CARTER: It was, in fact, raised at one of the SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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14c0terc2 1 meet and confers. It's another issue that is in discussion. 2 THE COURT: Let me see whether there is anything else 3 on my notes. Mr. Mohammedi mentioned an index. Has that already 5 been turned over to you folks, or is about to be. 6 MR. MOHAMMEDI: Working on it. We have, really, 7 warehouses that our client, they hired about five people to go 8 through documents. And we are working with them, trying to 9 see -- really, we will get them as soon as -- at least we get 10 some, and we can on a rolling basis, produce them to plaintiffs 11 and then, hopefully, we'll be done with them. But 12 like plaintiff mentioned, I don't think this would be done by 13 April 26th, just humanly impossible for us to. 14 THE COURT: I infer from the letters that both sides 15 are planning to make some proposal to me, is that --16 MR. CARTER: On this point, we're a bit confused 17 because, your Honor, obviously we had submitted a letter 18 previously suggesting an amendment of the scheduling deadlines. 19 The Defendant's Executive Committee opposed any amendment of 20 it. And then, very shortly thereafter on a conference call with Mr. Mohammedi and Mr. McMahon, we were told that they 21 didn't foresee any potential in the world that they could 23 comply with the April 29th deadline. So it seems that some of 24 the defendants agree with us. We obviously agree that it's not 25 workable. We're not going to get done by then. SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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THE COURT: Well, until it's changed, it is the deadline. So anybody who thinks that it ought to be changed, needs to get me a proposal that is the result of a meet and confer in fairly short order.

MR. McMAHON: If I can be heard on that.

Mr. Carter has put his finger on the nub of the issue. My colleague and I have institutional clients with huge data bases and things. And I think we're both of the view that there needs to be some amendment there, because these folks are filing these motions to compel because they are coming up against serious deadlines, obviously. And we would like to comply with their needs. So I, for one, would go on the record supporting that. But I think within the defense counsel, especially Mr. Kabat, he wants everything to be concluded, you know, on time. I think I discussed this in our phone conversation, and Mr. Kreindler had suggested that it has to be global, so I think that's the nature of the problem.

THE COURT: That clearly is right, because for me to set individual deadlines for individual defendants would just lead to chaos down the road. So you need to get together with the other members of the Defendant's Executive Committee. And to the extent that there can be a unified proposal which would be submitted, if there were dissenters and, on the defense side if the only dissenters are you folks, you should let me know that. But something ought to be gotten to me fairly soon.

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MR. KREINDLER: Just a suggestion, your Honor. Perhaps IF the defendants took the next week to see if they can adopt a unified position, then we can -- we're not chasing a moving target. Then they'll get back to us, say they have a unified position or they don't, and then we know what to do.

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THE COURT: That seems fair.

MR. KREINDLER: While I'm on my feet stretching for the moment, just to share a little positive development. We, I think, have worked out an agreement with Mr. Barentzen and Ms. Luque's clients, basically a deal dismissing that whole category of clients in return for getting the documents promptly, an opportunity to interview them and take some quick depositions. We're working on the language. And we should have that done in a couple of days. I would have that submitted to the Court.

THE COURT: Well, that is good news. Thank you. When is our next regularly-scheduled meeting.
MR. CARTER: Your Honor, our next meeting is April

19 26th. 20 THE COURT: Okay. Which is before the

21 April 29th current discovery deadline. So, hopefully, we can, 22 during that session, talk about the document discovery 23 deadline.

MR. CARTER: If I could just address that issue, briefly.

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14c0terc2 Mr. Kreindler had suggested that maybe the defendants could confer over the next week. The deadline is really coming, and the --THE COURT: Why don't I say they should confer by the end of week. MR. CARTER: I think that would be helpful. Thank you. THE COURT: I will so direct. Anything further from anyone? Okay. Thank you all. (Adjourned) SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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                             APPEARANCES
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(Case called)

THE COURT: Before I turn to what was suggested as the agenda items, tell you, if you haven't already seen it, that I did enter a Rule 502 order yesterday. And it's sufficiently short that I'll skip the whereases and just read the operative language. It is hereby ordered that pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d), the parties' production of any documents in this proceeding shall not, for purposes of this proceeding or any other proceeding in any other court, constitute a waiver of any attorney-client privilege or attorney work product protection applicable to those documents.

There was also a letter indicating that there were going to be some dismissals of, I guess, Ms. Luque's clients and maybe some of Mr. Barentzen.

MR. KREINDLER: Yes, your Honor. When we were before you last time I had reported that we had an agreement in concept. I have got the agreement with me now that is in final, and we are all signing, exchanging signatures.

The essence of it is that group of defendants will cooperate with us, let us look at the documents they have, speak to us in interviews. And then when we are done we will do some short depositions. We are paring down the defendants in the case and hopefully getting some useful information.

THE COURT: There was the request to extend the deadline for the rolling production of documents to August 29 SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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 which I also signed.

I guess that brings us to the suggested agenda, which will take me a minute to find. It's not jumping out at me, but I know there is the motion to compel. There was also an indication that at a subsequent date you folks wanted to propose or least some folks wanted to propose an extension of the fact discovery deadline, but that was tabled for a later conference, correct?

MR. KREINDLER: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Is there anything on the agenda for today other than the motion to compel IIRO and MWL and Wael Jelaidan?

MR. McMAHON: Your Honor, are you saying that the second motion to compel is for oral argument today?

 $\,$ THE COURT: When you say the second motion to compel, tell me which motion you are talking about.

MR. McMAHON: Well, I don't know the exact date when the plaintiffs made application, your Honor.

THE COURT: There is a March 24 letter which says, we want eight categories of documents.

 $\,$ MR. McMAHON: Yes, your Honor. I refer to that as motion to compel number one. We had oral argument on that the last time I was in New York before your Honor.

THE COURT: Right. But then I got an April 21 reply letter which I read, and I wasn't sure whether that was an effort to continue the discussion of the rulings I made last SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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time or what we were about.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, if I can take a step back, I think there were a few agenda items outside of the motion to compel. Your Honor had mentioned that there had been a request to extend the overall deadline for liability fact discovery. I am not sure that it had been tabled. The parties were about a month apart on where they propose that that be set. The defendants had suggested to us that it would make sense to set it at the end of January, and we had suggested the end of February. Prior to the conference this morning I had suggested to Mr. Kabat that we may be split the difference, that two-week period, and try to live with that. He had not spoken to all of the folks on his side. That's where we stand on that.

The other agenda item --

 $\,$ THE COURT: I did find the letter as you were talking, but go on.

MR. CARTER: There is a slight disagreement as to the use of interrogatories going forward in the litigation. We had suggested that the parties simply adhere to the local rules. And in the event that any party wanted to go beyond, they would make application to the Court if they couldn't work it out. The defendants have suggested that contention interrogatories should be permitted at some point. It's our understanding that contention interrogatories are contemplated under the local rules just at the end, at the conclusion of normal fact SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

6 14QMTERC 1 discovery. 2 THE COURT: I may have said it last time, but if I didn't, let me reveal my bias, which is that I view 3 4 interrogatories as a colossal waste of time, except for the 5 sorts of very basic inquiries that the local rule contemplates. 6 So I'm not in favor of and it doesn't sound like anybody is 7 proposing allowing interrogatories as the case moves forward 8 but for contention interrogatories as a possibility. And what 9 I'd like to do is simply table the discussion of contention 10 interrogatories, see how everything else plays out, and at a 11 stage closer to the end of either discovery or fact discovery, 12 probably fact discovery, take up whether contention 13 interrogatories really will move the ball forward. 14 MR. CARTER: That works from our perspective, your 15 Honor. THE COURT: And from the defendant's perspective? 16 17

THE COURT: And from the defendant's perspective?

MR. KABAT: Your Honor, the concern we have, it was so voluminous that none of the defendants could figure out who to depose. We understand that you issued an order requiring them to narrow the witness list, and I would expect that witness list to be particularized as to each defendant because even if they go through 1500 to 200, that's still a lot for each defendant to figure out who I depose. So it would be very helpful if the witness list could be narrowed down as to each defendant. And then perhaps we may not need contention SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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interrogatories, but I think if the plaintiff could be directed to particularize their witness list, that may avoid some of the reason why we would otherwise need contention interrogatories.

THE COURT: I said it had to be more than detailed and tailored. I am not sure I said by defendant. I don't think I said that. Let me ask what the plaintiffs are contemplating in their revised disclosures.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, what I would expect is that there will be certain witnesses identified with general information concerning the history of Al-Qaeda, those kinds of general background pieces of information, and that there will be segregated witnesses identified for each of the defendants, which is actually something that we did in the earlier disclosures, and we would carry forward.

THE COURT: With that in mind, we will table discussion of contention interrogatories.

Privilege logs you folks had suggested tabling, and that's fine.

When is our May conference?

MR. KABAT: May 12, I believe.

THE COURT: You are still discussing it, but the Solomonic solution to the extension of fact discovery sounds appropriate and is probably what I would do if you don't reach a resolution, since you're only one month apart.

I guess this is what threw me off. The last item on SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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the joint letter says: The parties are currently completing briefing on a motion to compel served on IIRO on March 24 which Mr. McMahon tells me he characterizes as motion to compel 1.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, I think there is some confusion with regard to the dates. Motion to compel number 1 was the eight categories relative to which your Honor heard argument and issued a ruling.

THE COURT: Which was the subject of the March 24 and subsequent letters, at least in part.

MR. CARTER: The initial letter, I think, was filed on March 16. Our initial letter was served. We also served Mr. McMahon with a second motion on March 24. Subsequent to that March 24 date, we had a meet and confer which then triggered the remaining briefing schedule. Mr. McMahon filed his opposition to that motion which included those affidavits, the Al Radhi affidavits, and then we submitted our reply brief on April 21. That motion is specific to the IIRO and targets IIRO's relationship with three individuals, as well as a few other areas, the records relating to the Philippine and Indonesian branches of the IIRO which had been designated, as well as the expulsion of some folks from Pakistan shortly after September 11 who were alleged to be associated with the IIRO, and the IIRO's relationship to some training camps and camps in Afghanistan.

THE COURT: I guess I find it confusing in part SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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 because the reply says: I write in reply to the April 11 letter brief of IIRO, et cetera. The April 11 letter from Mr. McMahon says it's submitted as IIRO and Muslim War of Leagues opposition to the second motion. I guess you are on the same page that it's the second motion.

And then I have the March 24 letter which focuses on the IIRO. And in reading that, it talked about broad categories and then specific requests. I didn't count the number.

Tell me how this differs from the first application. MR. CARTER: Your Honor, the first application focused on those eight categories which are organizational documents, some general financial documents, documents relating to recipients of aid.

This request focuses on some very specific people who we allege to have been within the inner circle of Al-Qaeda and also associated with the IIRO. And we came to the view that these individuals were prominent figures within Al-Qaeda and affiliated with the IIRO, not based on some sort of vague reference to their names in media reporting, but, rather, as a result of persistent reporting by the United States Government and formal designations of several of these folks.

And this, broadly speaking, is sort of the second phase of an effort on the plaintiff's part to focus the discovery process relative to the IIRO and to some degree the SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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Muslim World League on the issues that are the greatest priority that we ensure a rolling production, and we have time to do follow-up discovery as to the issues that are of greatest importance to us and speak most directly to the claims. And we have submitted as part of the application a fair amount of documentation to sort of give the Court a sense of why we have come to the view that these relationships are so important, and I think those documents speak for themselves and we won't spend a tremendous amount of time on them.

Our concern, really, at this point, your Honor, is that there seems to be a disconnect between our requests, the rules, and the kind of search that's being carried out by certain of these defendants. If you take, for example, our request for documents relating to Mohammed Jamal Khalifa. Mohammed Jamal Khalifa started this office in the Philippines. He's alleged to have been a founding member of Al-Qaeda. The government has featured him prominently in a number of settings.

Recently, Mr. McMahon told us that we would be receiving the entire Khalifa file and there was a statement to that effect during the last court proceeding.

When we look at the actual documents, what we have really are a small sampling of documents which Khalifa and some other IIRO official deny that the office he headed was a front for supporting terrorism, and media reports in which he or SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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another IIRO official has denied. We don't see a complete production of responsive documents. This is an individual who was the head of this office for a period of many years. We are not seeing any of the documents relating to the reporting he would have sent back to Saudi Arabia as a matter of course. We are not seeing the documents as to his disbursements, none of the really operational documents for that office.

With Wael Jelaidan, we were told during the meet and confer that it's Mr. McMahon's understanding that he's not an employee of the IIRO and never was. As we discussed at the last conference, he was an employee of the Muslim World League. We understand that he headed a joint office of the Muslim World League and the IIRO and that in his capacity as a Muslim World League director he had authority to issue papers on behalf of the IIRO.

Whether or not he's an employee of the IIRO doesn't speak meaningfully to the question of whether the IIRO has documents concerning or relating to Wael Jelaidan, and we are not seeing any of those documents produced, even though the government is telling us in various settings that they exist.

The last individual at issue is Abd Al Hamid Suleiman Al Mujil. Al Mujil was designated by the U.S. Government at the same time the U.S. Government designated the Philippine and Indonesian offices of the IIRO, your Honor, and he was described as the million dollar man within the IIRO for SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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supporting terrorism. Close personal relationship, according 1 to the U.S. Government, with Khalid Sheikh Mohammed, the mastermind of the September 11 attacks, the relationship as the 3 4 supervisor of the offices in the Philippines and Indonesia. He 5 was within Saudi Arabia in the eastern province. Those three 6 figures really are central to trying to take meaningful 7 discovery of the IIRO's relationship to Al-Qaeda. And we 8 really need a broad and thorough search for records relating to 9 those people, as well as the Philippine and Indonesian 10 branches.

The last couple of things raised in this motion are a request for some bank records. Frankly, your Honor, I think that was addressed via the Court's last ruling on the eight categories.

THE COURT: The last ruling dealt with bank statements. My sense was, although I didn't go and specifically look, request No. 6 is statements, not anything beyond statements, so I guess you are right.

MR. CARTER: What I would say, your Honor, is that the eight categories were the focus of our initial motion so we can try to get a read of what we needed to explore more particularly with regard to financials. I don't think we need to cross the bridge to other bank records at this point until we see those documents.

There is also a request for documents relating to the SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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expulsion of some workers from Pakistan in the wake of the September 11 attacks. There was pretty pervasive reporting that some alleged relief workers were expelled from Pakistan on the theory that they were affiliated with Al-Qaeda. We understand that several of those folks were from the IIRO.

Again, in terms of the integrity of the process, the difficulty is, what we are hearing back from Mr. McMahon is that someone who took over the office several years later is unaware of an IIRO employee being arrested for being a part of Al-Qaeda. Again, that's different from the question of whether or not they are aware of any IIRO employees who were expelled or disciplined on some other basis, and so we are trying to get to the heart of that matter.

THE COURT: One thing I didn't understand in relation to this case is request No. 57, which relates to the struggle against the Soviet occupation of Afghanistan.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, as the 9/11 commission itself framed this issue, Al-Qaeda is an outgrowth of the Muji Hadin resistance to the Soviet occupation of Afghanistan, and the relationships were forged in that setting.

And, among others, the relationships that were forged were the relationships between and among Mohammed Jamal Khalifa, Wael Jelaidan, and Osama Bin Laden. In fact, at the last hearing you'll remember that Mr. McMahon mentioned that Jelaidan was a very prominent figure in the Afghan resistance SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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 and that he forged a relationship during that time with Osama Bin Laden.

Judge Daniels previously addressed how far back we should be permitted to go in discovery. And he set 1992 as the presumptive date and suggested that in particular circumstances, upon an adequate showing, a earlier inquiry may be warranted. Judge Daniel's rulings was predicated on the logic that Bin Laden began opening declaring to third parties his intention to strike America in 1992.

From our perspective, the departure to an earlier period becomes appropriate where you are dealing with individuals and organizations that were operating within the inner Al-Qaeda circle from those earlier dates. And that is particularly prevalent with regard to Jelaidan and Khalifa, and the role that they played in supporting those fighters during that period and whether that relationship continued afterwards. It's one of those simple --

THE COURT: It's a little like saying, they all belonged to the union elite club in midtown and that explains how they got together. That's along the lines of what you are saying.

MR. CARTER: It's along the lines. More basically, your Honor, if you were deposing a witness in a case who had some personal knowledge regarding the activity of another, the first question is how do you know one another and how did you SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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first meet and what was the circumstance.

When we are dealing with people who partnered with one another for purposes of creating a Jihad organization, it's important for us to be able to at least explore how they got to know one another in the first instance rather than pick it up years later.

And so what we would propose in this particular setting is simply that the date go back to late 1987. There was a document produced by the IIRO in the course of discovery already that was dated November 27, 1987 which talks about the Muslim World League and IIRO cooperating to get foreign fighters into Afghanistan for purposes of participating in the Jihad. And so that's a benchmark at which their own internal documents suggest this activity is ongoing. The U.S. Government puts the formation of Al-Qaeda just a few months later in 1988.

With regard to these few specific categories, what we ask is that we simply be allowed that inquiry back to that last month of 1987 forward. Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. McMahon.

MR. McMAHON: Yes, your Honor. I apologize, your Honor, if I was informed that there is going to be oral argument on the second application today. I just was not aware of that, but I'll try to respond as best as I can under the circumstances.

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With respect to Mr. Khalifa, your Honor, I was informed by Mr. Al Radhi, who gave an affidavit, your Honor, in support of our opposition that the Khalifa file had been produced, and I believe I sent that on to Mr. Carter.

Here is where Mr. Khalifa fits in, your Honor. In 1992 or '93, he is arrested by American authorities, I think out in California, for immigration violations. He is then tried in absentia in Jordan and he is convicted.

However, as we pointed out in our opposition -- no one ever comes up with this -- the Jordanian court of appeals, I think it's called the court of cassation, totally rejected those charges and accused the lower court of accepting affidavits of dubious quality.

THE COURT: But you're arguing the merits, and for all I know you are correct that Mr. Khalifa is not a terrorist or that Mujil isn't or any of the others.

But since the complaint has survived a motion to dismiss, it seems to me I have to assume that there is a good-faith basis for seeking discovery as to these individuals. A lot of the thrust of your opposition seems to me to convince me of the ripeness of your cause, and that strikes me as premature.

MR. McMAHON: Your Honor, with respect to Mr. Khalifa, I believe we gave Mr. Carter the entire Khalifa file. And after we get off this phone call I will certainly reconfirm SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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that with Mr. Al Radhi, that that is the Khalifa file as what they have in their records at this time.

With respect to Wael Jelaidan, your Honor, he is a named defendant and we have produced the discovery we had for Wael Jelaidan, and apparently the plaintiffs are not satisfied with that.

But the way Wael Jelaidan fits in, your Honor, he was very active in helping the relief effort in Afghanistan. And as Mr. Carter believes that that's the sort of stuff that is liable for activity, he should have named the Central Intelligence Agency, your Honor. Because with the Saudi intelligence agency, that was the most effective tandem to make sure the Russians were eventually expelled from Afghanistan.

THE COURT: That's why I was asking about that area.
MR. McMAHON: Yes, your Honor. The plaintiffs just
don't seem to accept the fact that the CIA was very much
involved. And Wael Jelaidan was involved in the humanitarian
efforts. He knew Osama Bin Laden very well because he was

With respect to Al Mujil, he is no longer employed by IIROSA and IIROSA has no control over him. To the extent there are any files, for example, we will turn them over, sure, your Honor.

involved in the humanitarian efforts.

Your Honor, there was a lot of ground there that Mr. Carter covered. I don't see the need to go back into 1987 SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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with respect to the Russian occupation of Afghanistan. This lawsuit should be more focused on the terrorist events that have occurred since 1992, the beginning of discovery.

We could take this case for another ten years if we get involved in the Afghanistan stuff, and I don't know what records we have pertaining to any activities in Afghanistan because it was what, almost 20 years ago?

THE COURT: As to the documents which are the subject of the second motion to compel with respect to IIRO, with two exceptions I am going to direct that the documents be produced. One exception is the request for banking records to the extent that it goes beyond that which I ordered as part of the first motion to compel. The second exception is, I agree with Mr. McMahon that there may be extensive documentation concerning the expulsion of the Soviets from Afghanistan, and I'm not precluding the request. I'm not saying that it's inappropriate to go back to 1987. I do think the request is very overbroad.

So if a request that's more narrowly focused that basically deals with, how did these folks get together and what were their basic roles, as opposed to giving me every document relating to the IIRO's role in supporting the Mujil Hadin forces in Afghanistan in their struggle against Soviet occupation, I would probably look somewhat favorably upon it. But I think this is sort of a kitchen sink request that SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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 assuming, as seems to be conceded, that the IIRO played some role in that venture, could lead to a ton of documents with considerable burden on the IIRO, but not shedding a great deal of light necessarily.

 $\,$ Those are my rulings with respect to the so-called second motion to compel.

Are there other matters that we should be taking up today?

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, I hate to win something and then raise a concern, but when Mr. McMahon was speaking, you probably heard him say that Mr. Al Radhi had told him that they had produced "the Khalifa file" and if they had any Al Mujil documents they would produce them. There is a significant concern here that there is a file called Khalifa that has personal information, and then there is the file that contains all the operational activities carried out under his auspices and we are only getting the personal file.

I think I said last time, or maybe I was just thinking it to myself, it seems to me -- let me go back one step. There were always difficulties when you are dealing with foreign clients, particularly when their judicial systems are very different than ours and the concept of discovery may be somewhat alien, not to mention the language difficulties. I do think that all of these requests are reasonably focused. That's part of the reason that I granted both of the motions to SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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compel in large measure.

And I know, Mr. McMahon, you said last time that you had postponed a trip to the kingdom essentially to learn what the rulings are. I do think this is the type of stage of the case where you or somebody on your behalf needs to sit down with the folks who are responding to these requests and hold their hand to a certain extent and describe in greater detail what needs to be searched for. It's somewhat inconsistent to say, we have developed this massive index and, yet, not produce documents that relate to the employment of some of these individuals, directives that they may have given or received and the like.

And I recognize that, as Mr. Carter pointed out, there is a significant disconnect between that which was requested and that which has been received. And I'm not so naive to think that perhaps it won't persist. I hope it doesn't. But if it does, I suppose that will lead to additional motion practice. And if the IIRO or any other defendant has failed to produce documents that manifestly are within its possession, custody, or control, that may lead to consequences that that particular defendant doesn't care for.

But I assume one stage, at least, between the receipt of whatever additional documents are produced and a further motion would be some depositions, including depositions of document custodians about the type of search that was or was SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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not conducted. And mindful of the fact that that's inevitably coming, Mr. McMahon, I think you really want to pursue it in far greater detail and in person with the folks who were doing this exhaustive indexing what it is they need to produce, because I do think there is probably a lack of understanding on their part.

MR. CARTER: Thank you, your Honor.

MR. McMAHON: Your Honor, if I can just comment. As you know, we have offered the records custodian, Mr. Al Radhi, for over a year, I think, maybe even longer, to the plaintiffs to avoid these kinds of problems that you're unfortunately encountering in terms of motion practice. And for the life of me I don't understand why they don't take us up on that and address some issues to Mr. Al Radhi, and maybe we can clear up this matter a lot easier than bothering you with motion practice. Mr. Al Radhi has acted in good faith. He has logged enormous hours, your Honor, if you have read his affidavit. They had to bring on two people for IRROSA alone, and he has spent an enormous amounts of time for the Muslim World League production as well, your Honor, and that is a bit of a problem because they are located in Mecca.

I wish your Honor would consider deferring the rulings until such time as the plaintiffs can actually depose the records custodian. Maybe there is a lot of misinformation here, and they could get to the bottom of it much more directly SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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than through me as counsel, although I am trying to get over there, your Honor. I contemplate the necessity for a trip.

These court appearances -- and I apologize for today.
I don't know why I didn't think it was scheduled for today, the

oral argument -- but the court appearances have obviously impeded my ability to make a quick trip over there.

In any case, I wish your Honor would keep that in mind. We offered Mr. Al Radhi for more than a year to avoid these problems we are running into right now. Of course, there is -- I think you afforded the plaintiffs three more years, your Honor, '94 -- I mean, 2004. They are trying to get together the annual reports for 2'2, 2'3 and 2'4, and other categories, which is also a burden to them, because you extended that time frame for three years.

THE COURT: I don't view the requests that I've granted as overbroad. I think they are reasonably focused. As I said, I think there is a disconnect between that which is actually required and taking what the plaintiffs say at face value, that which is being produced. And I base that simply on the fact that if Jelaidan was affiliated with IIRO Pakistan or Khalifa spent a period of time working with IIRO in the Philippines, there must be more documentation that relates to what they did while they were there, which is the sort of documentation that the plaintiffs seek and, rightly or wrongly, believe that they have yet to receive.

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So I don't think, and I'm not going to require the plaintiffs at this stage to depose the witness you proffer because I think, first, the documents ought to be produced. Then certainly at some point the custodian should be deposed, and we will see how all of that shakes out.

But one of your proposals was they should come look at the warehouse in Saudi Arabia or look at how the offices function. And as to at least some of the offices, other than the expense of it, I am not sure why they are not taking you up on the offer. London is not a hardship trip, and they might be able to see the wedding while they were there, but I am not going to second-guess how they are going about this. I would think seeing some of these offices might be informative, particularly the Philippines. But, again, I am not going to second-guess the order in which they want to do this. Essentially, the motion to dismiss having been denied, the defendants are in this for all that goes with that in terms of discovery.

Yes, sir.

MR. MOHAMMEDI: Your Honor, I don't think this argument is about merit, but I think I feel compelled to say something about a letter that was sent by plaintiff on April 21 which I refer to page 6.

THE COURT: Let me get that letter.

MR. MOHAMMEDI: Your Honor, I take issue with some of SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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the statements that were made on page 6. First, I was not even copied or served on the document that WAMY was mentioned many times.

The second issue that they have is that they stated this Court need only to look at statements by United States Government and its leaders to see that the Saudi charter, such as Muslim World League, IIRO, and World Assembly of Muslim Youth, WAMY. And then they said, continued to be a major focus of United States counterterrorism investigation years after September 11.

And then they go on and they stated that Secretary of State Hillary Clinton, which state that Saudi Arabia remains a critical financial support base for Al-Qaeda. And they mention Lashkar-e-Taiba and other terrorist groups, including Hamas, and IIRO and the Muslim World League, and WAMY continued to send money to fund extremist overseas. Hillary Clinton never stated anything like that. She stated charges.

We believe that the plaintiff, they have a lot of statements that are they are producing to this Court. WAMY was not mentioned anywhere in that Exhibit A that they mentioned.

At the same time, we are just asking them to produce evidence to us. They keep making merit arguments on these issues without producing any meaningful document to us, and I take issue with that.

THE COURT: In response to what they characterized as SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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Mr. McMahon's self-serving assertions on behalf of his client, they essentially made their own self-serving assertions on behalf of their clients. And in terms of the merits discussion, I have to say to both sides, I treat that largely as punctuation. The critical facts to me are that with respect to the defendants who are now in discovery, either there was no motion or the motion to dismiss was denied. So those defendants are in the case. And the assertions that are made in the complaint have to be, for the moment, taken at face value.

So when Mr. McMahon argues that Muslim World League and the IIRO are the good guys distributing funds in very careful ways to 40,000 needy individuals, that's nice, but it's not something that sways me one way or the other. And, similarly, when I read excerpts from what Secretary of State Clinton allegedly said, that doesn't move me terribly much either.

There is a concept of proportionality in terms of discovery. And to the extent that I have to consider whether requests are proportional, I certainly have to factor in my assessment of the potential strength of a case or of a particular defense that's being asserted, and I will. But since the requests in the so-called first and second motions to compel are fairly focused, it seems to me the burden is not overwhelming in light of the seriousness of the allegations in SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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 the latest complaint and that the discovery is proper.

But going forward, playing tit or tat in terms of the merits of the case is really not going to have much, if any, effect on my discovery rulings, and probably is better saved for a later stage of the case, when motions for summary judgment are made.

Anything else?

 $\operatorname{MR}.$ McMAHON: Your Honor, thank you for your careful consideration of everything.

I wonder if it would be appropriate if we just have a recap of what your ruling is and what specific documents have to be produced by which date.

THE COURT: I had thought about which date and intentionally didn't go there, but I guess I will.

My ruling is, again, that with the exception of the banking records and the records relating to the IIRO's role in supporting the Mujil Hadin forces in Afghanistan, item 4 in the March 24 letter, the documents should be produced.

As to the banking records, they only need be produced to the extent that I compelled them as part of the first motion to compel. As to the effort to kick the Soviets out of Afghanistan, I directed plaintiffs to come up with a more focused request or requests.

So those, in a nutshell, are my rulings. I recognize that there are more documents sought here. And my initial SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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thought, which I didn't voice, was as to the additional documents in the second motion to compel to give you an additional 30 days to produce those documents.

Any thoughts, comments, Mr. McMahon?

MR. McMAHON: Your Honor, to the extent I can schedule a trip pretty quickly, I will do so, and that 30 days will certainly be on my horizon, obviously.

One of the things I want to bring to your Honor's attention is that there is an entity called the Rabita Trust which has been sued, and we are in jurisdictional discovery, and we have basically given the plaintiffs whatever we have.

The Rabita Trust was headed up by Wael Jelaidan and it was founded as an organization to repatriate individuals and had nothing to do with this war and terrorism, whatever. But they had gotten documents concerning the Rabita Trust and that is when Wael Jelaidan was running in Pakistan. And as far as I know, Rabita Trust has nothing to do with IIROSA. It does have something to do with MWL. I just wanted you to have that as some background information, your Honor, because we will be addressing whether or not the Rabita Trust should be dismissed because of jurisdictional issues.

THE COURT: So noted. See you folks in May.

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     UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
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     SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
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     IN RE: TERRORIST ATTACKS
                                           03MDL1570(GBD)(FM)
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     ON SEPTEMBER 11, 2001
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     -----x
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 5
                                           June 23, 2011
 6
                                           11:35 a.m.
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 7
     Before:
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                            HON. FRANK MAAS
 8
 9
                                           Magistrate Judge
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10
                              APPEARANCES
10
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11
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    SEAN P. CARTER
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     J. SCOTT TARBUTTON
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          Attorneys for Burnett Plaintiffs and PECs
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     CLIFFORD CHANCE
          Attorneys for Defendant Dubai Islamic Bank
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18
     BY: RONI BERGOFFEN (via telephone)
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19 McMAHON & ASSOCIATES
         Attorneys for Defendants IIRO, MWL and Wa'el Jelaidan
20
     BY: MARTIN McMAHON (via telephone)
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     STEVEN BARENTZEN (via telephone)
          Attorney for Defendant Jamal Barzinji
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(Case called)

THE COURT: Good morning. I have the joint letter that's dated June 20, 2011. I had suggested that, I think I had suggested that at this conference we would raise the subject of interrogatories or I may have had said it on the April 12 conference. But I gather both sides have agreed to table that issue. I also noticed that, I guess we did it by design, the next scheduled conference is July 12, but then there is a conference if it is to be held before Judge Daniels on July 13. I wonder if that makes sense. I guess, I don't know, perhaps you have not yet discussed whether there will be a July 13 conference before Judge Daniels.

MR. GOLDMAN: It's the plaintiffs' position that there should be a conference on July 13. There are certain matters that are ripe for Judge Daniels to act on and we would like to address those.

THE COURT: The thought must have been that if the issues I take up that perhaps he can deal with the following day, was that the thinking or was it just accidental that we ended up with potentially you folks making two trips or staying overnight.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, I think it was accidental. I do believe at some point we noticed that we had these consecutive dates and intended to propose that we try to consolidate them on July 13.

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THE COURT: Why don't I just say that we will do what we did perhaps in the first joint conference; I think it was the second that Judge Daniels and I had. Namely, if he holds a conference, after he is done I will sit down with you to deal with whatever issues remain. Alternatively, if he cancels his conference and there is a need for one before me, we will just hold it at 10:00, the time he had indicated. I gather that the disputes with Dr. Barzinji and his clients have been resolved.

MR. CARTER: That's correct, your Honor. We have provided a signed agreement that concludes all matters to Mr. Barentzen who will then circulate it with his clients.

THE COURT: If the message was whether Mr. Barentzen needs to be on the phone, today if that's the status, I guess the answer is not any longer.

MR. BARENTZEN: I may just listen in anyway; thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: Sure.

MR. BARENTZEN: I don't know how long it will last; I might listen in anyway just in case.

THE COURT: No problem.

MR. BARENTZEN: Your Honor, pursuant to the agreement, you should be expecting stipulations of dismissal dismissing plaintiffs' claims against not just Dr. Barzinji against but all of our clients within the next few days.

> THE COURT: That should go to Judge Daniels unless SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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there is 636(c) language in the stipulation.

I guess that brings us, Mr. McMahon, to the issues raised in the letter which I know you take the view are not yet ripe related to IIRO and the Muslim World League. Putting aside the question of ripeness as to some of the detail, one fairly simple directive was that 8 categories of documents were to be produced within 30 days. I take it the plaintiffs take the view that that didn't happen.

I know at one of the last two conferences, I think it was the April 26 one, I said we are really at the stage where you need to sit down with your clients in Saudi Arabia and hold their hands while they go through those 8 categories. I guess I am curious whether you have been to the kingdom since that session.

MR. McMAHON: Well, your Honor, just to bring you up to speed, I received a very antagonistic email from Sean Carter concerning his level of frustration.

THE COURT: More antagonistic than his letter of June 16; I am just trying to get the scale.

MR. McMAHON: Well, your Honor, I replied, because I am somewhat older, in a very conciliatory manner and said, Sean, I am equally frustrated. I don't read Arabic. I wouldn't have sent you four indexes, two of which were duplicative, had I known about it. I don't understand the erosive indexes because they are in Arabic. So if you are SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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unsatisfied with the indexes, there not much I can do about it.

Your Honor, here is the suggestion I make. He doesn't read Arabic. I don't. Why doesn't he have his Arabic guy who feels that we are frustrating the process, I gather, plug into our Arabic guy, Mr. al Rahdi, either through Skype or sit down in London with him for three days and just have an entire agenda the indexes for IIRO-SA, we are claiming this, the indexes don't work, and have Mr. al Rahdi explain what the indexes are and why he believes they do work.

I would propose before that happens, that Sean and I prepare an agenda and say these are all the big issues, for example, how come they are dissatisfied with the Arabic indexes, the IIRO-SA warehouse, certainly we can narrow that issue, and lay out everything that they are dissatisfied about, your Honor.

THE COURT: Let me interrupt. Correct me if I am wrong. The indices are a separate issue from the 8 categories of documents.

 $\mbox{MR. McMAHON:}\mbox{ Right.}\mbox{ I am referring to Sean's recent email to me.}$

THE COURT: But I want to focus first on the 8 categories of documents that I think on April 12 I said needed to be produced in 30 days, and wholly apart from issues with the indices, those were intended to be focused requests, and I gather they have been kicking around for a very long time.

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MR. McMAHON: Your Honor, we now have prepared for the MWL and for IIRO-SA specific responses for those 8 categories. I can shoot Sean an email this afternoon. I want to get back to your earlier question.

THE COURT: When you say responses, I am not clear whether you are talking about a formal response to those 8 categories or documents responsive or both.

MR. McMAHON: Both, your Honor. We want to show Mr. Carter that this is what we sent you for 1 through 8 for the Muslim World League, this is what we sent you 1 through 8 for IIRO-SA.

THE COURT: So I understand, you are not producing additional documents. You are basically saying among the documents we previously produced, X is responsive to request number 1, Y is responsive to request number 2.

MR. McMAHON: No, your Honor, we have been producing and we just got in some more documents, we have had an ongoing production, Mr. Carter is not satisfied with it, but there has been an ongoing production, for example, on orphan records, the 52,000 orphans.

THE COURT: Their letter said they don't want orphan records, so why are we talking about producing even 12 orphan records. They have made it clear they could care less which orphans got \$2 a month in exchange for their fingerprints.

MR. McMAHON: I thought they wanted the list of the SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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orphans and we can't just push a button in the computer and that spits itself out; we have to go in and do the hard copies.

THE COURT: Let's clear that up. Mr. Carter, whoever wants to chime in, do you want the list of orphans?

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, we don't. We discussed this very issue at the April 12 hearing. We had a colloquy with the court during which you said, I take it you don't want the orphan records, and we said, correct, your Honor. We followed up with emails subsequently making clear that we don't want the orphan records. So the fact that we are continuing to have this same discussion is a source of frustration.

MR. McMAHON: I just didn't want the record to reflect that we didn't put together these orphan records because at some point I thought they were looking for the beneficiaries of IIRO-SA distributions worldwide.

THE COURT: At some point they were, but since April they haven't been, and I think one of my orders may even have said excluding orphan records or maybe I am not recalling that accurately. So I don't understand why in late June we are talking about the orphan records.

MR. McMAHON: If it's no longer an issue, that's great. I want to get back to your question to me. You don't know this, I put this into the email to Sean, that until some document is signed by the Saudi government with the charities, the charities are unable to send any moneys out even for SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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attorney fees, so I am way behind on payment of attorney fees and they can't even send me money for an airplane ticket and I just can't finance that, your Honor.

I want to make sure you understand on the record that they are frustrated because the kingdom will not allow them to send out funds until such time a certain document is signed. The have spoken with or emailed with the kingdom's attorney, Michael Kellogg, and he is trying to help me on that issue. But until such time that that's resolved, I couldn't go over there.

We have been on Skype with Mr. al Rahdi a great deal in the interim. I think we have narrowed our differences. I also sent a couple of emails to Sean about the fact that we received in these banking records for IIRO-SA, but they are very lightly printed, so I said do you have somebody come down and just go through this and see if you want to take a shot at copying all the banking records for IIRO-SA.

We also had another file. The reason I am not up there today, we have a translator in today. They can't even afford to pay for a translator, so this is coming out of my pocket again. I want to spend some time with the translator to see what other documents we just received in. I think they are very responsive. And as I say, at the close of business today, I was going to send Sean an email saying these are the new records we got in.

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THE COURT: Let me just interrupt. I understand part of the difficulty is that you have not been to the kingdom. I am not suggesting that you need to invest your own money in the case. Quite the opposite; I think that privately retained attorneys are entitled to be paid, and I have never kept in a case an attorney who was not getting paid who wished to exit a case.

But whether it's because of Saudi regulations or whatever, documents were not produced on a schedule which is consistent with my order which was that these 8 narrow categories were to be produced within 30 days, I think 30 days of April 12. I am pretty sure it was as of April 12. Even it was April 26, we are still more than a month beyond the deadline for the 8 narrow categories.

So it seems to me, and you are telling me that after the conference rather than shortly before the conference, you are going to be getting back to Mr. Carter, which basically means there is no way to know what the outcome of that would be today. So I guess I somewhat share plaintiffs' frustration. One thing that your clients ought to be concerned about is that I can't worry about issues like Saudi approvals for attorney fees.

What inevitably may happen in this case is that if responsive documents are not produced, and Mr. Carter and his colleagues are able to show that the documents exist and should SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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be produced, some of the tenor of what they said in the prior conferences suggests to me that they may have specimens of documents from whatever sources that enable them to show that there are categories of reports that exist, which at least as of now have not been produced. If they make a sufficiently persuasive showing, your clients may be faced with the prospect that I issue case-dispositive sanctions.

So, I will let you finish talking but I just wanted you to understand my concerns and where we collectively may all be headed. Go on.

MR. McMAHON: I appreciate that, your Honor. You have always being struck me as being a very level-headed guy and you are trying to satisfy the plaintiffs' needs and you are cognizant of the fact that we are dealing with a foreign country. What my point is that we have produced everything that was called for in terms of the 8 categories for both MWL and IIRO-SA and we now have that format. I am going to send that to Mr. Carter in about an hour or so. I am waiting on our translator to tell me some other things, but we can certainly get that to him.

That is our position that we have complied. I apologize. It was not timely in terms of if you set this down for 30 days. Mr. al Rahdi is just super overworked. He can't get the resources he needs to do all sorts of stuff. He's been killing himself. He has produced a ton of things. I have sent SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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also an email to Sean asking him about an initial production and he said it just wasn't a good production. Well, I can't deal with that; what does that mean.

Your Honor, I am fully cognizant of where you are heading and I have tried to apprise my clients of that. In fact, this morning I sent an email to IIRO-SA about the prospects of my having to withdraw. I don't really want to do that, your Honor. I know even though Sean may vigorously disagree, I know our guys are not hiding the ball. That's why I was hoping a meeting between their Arabian guy and my guy can get to that and hopefully Sean's man will tell them that he is not hiding the ball.

It may not be the sharpest discovery process in the world, they don't have a legal background, but that's a different issue. It's our position we produced everything now, albeit late. I apologize for that. There are just so many complicated factors dealing with that kingdom over there and Mr. al Rahdi, and it's just been very, very difficult.

That's our position. We produced, albeit we produced late, I apologize, and we are in an ongoing production process. I think we have now sent out 6,000 pages of financial records. We are in an ongoing discovery process. The last I heard was that he was going to approach the court I guess about issuing some sanctions, but I didn't see a motion, your Honor, and I wasn't sure what was going to be discussed today.

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THE COURT: One of the allegations in Mr. Carter's letter is that somebody in effect manufactured documents by cutting and pasting from other documents. Have you discussed that with Mr. al Rahdi or somebody else on behalf of your clients?

MR. McMAHON: I think I discussed that, your Honor. If he's referring to the Muslim World League committee, I am sorry, the central council, whatever it was --

THE COURT: The constituent council.

MR. McMAHON: Yes. I think we got those off the MWL website. There was no cutting and pasting. We got it off the MWL website as the easiest way to get all this stuff, at least that category. No, we didn't do that and we didn't create documents as Mr. Carter maintains to show that we produced documents.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, as an initial matter, I am a little unclear as to Mr. McMahon's position, because at certain points I think he represented that it's the view of the Muslim World League and the IIRO that they have now produced all documents responsive to the 8 categories and then there were references to it being an ongoing production. One of the reasons we wanted to come here today was to get some clarification on the record as to whether the defendants believe they have produced everything responsive to the 8 categories.

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THE COURT: Mr. McMahon.

MR. McMAHON: Yes, your Honor. To reiterate, we believe we have produced everything we have that is responsive to 1 to 8 for MWL and IIRO-SA, but there are other documents out there that they have been requesting like banking records. We are still working on that. We will be getting them up to Mr. Carter as soon as the translator finishes up with the latest package.

 $\,$ MR. CARTER: The banking records were part of the 8 categories.

THE COURT: I was just about to say that myself.

MR. McMAHON: Well, we now have, your Honor, I don't
know what's officially under banking records definition, but we
now have a complete printout on IIRO-SA's bank accounts,
although that's the document I made reference to that's kind of
light in ink, so I suggest he send his man down here and look
at that document. But the problem is, your Honor, there is one
guy, Mr. al Rahdi, who has been dumped upon to do all this
massive work.

That's why I made the suggestion, come to Jeddah, send your man to London. I told Mr. Carter, you are so concerned about how an MWL office operates, visit the one in London. I am frustrated. I think it's all there. It's a matter of collating everything. He is just swamped with this enormous request. He doesn't read English as he should; he is OK but SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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not that proficient.

THE COURT: You know, they may have to assign other folks to help on the project of producing documents. I assume at this stage that plaintiffs' counsel are interested in the documents, but if we are not at this stage yet, my sense is certainly we are going to get there shortly, where they will forgo the documents in exchange for a judgment, based either on the fact that these entities don't have counsel, should it come to that stage, or that the entities have been shown not to have produced all of the documents that are responsive to the requests. The fact that they have one guy trying to produce everything is interesting but not exculpatory in relation to that.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, I think I should probably address what is a pattern of behavior that's manifesting itself again in the lead-up to this conference. Mr. McMahon mentioned to you that he would be sending to me later today a chart reflecting what they thought they had produced. He in fact sent me something to that effect yesterday. It references wholesale categories of documents that are just being mailed.

What we encounter every time we run into a problem with the IIRO and the Muslim World League is that as soon as we go to the step of moving the court to compel, we have a hearing, we get a flood or trickle of some responsive documents but not a complete production. The ball keeps moving. We keep SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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talking about this conversation with Mr. al Rahdi. We have been through that territory before.

With regard to the constituent council records, they were not produced as pulled from a website as Mr. McMahon suggested. They have been copied over into some kind of Word document. In that process, these documents, the Arabic records words have been transposed so they no longer are legible. That was what clued us into the fact that they had been created. There is no way for us to tell in this format whether they are authentic, whether they are original.

We do know from our independent investigations about these constituent council meetings that a handful of press releases and meeting minutes do not represent anything close to a complete production of the documents that are created for purposes of these meetings.

We just keep running into the same problems and that is what motivated us in the first place to move to compel some very specific categories of documents and to try to set a timeline so we would have some way to crystallize this issue which I think is becoming crystallized.

There is a concern that your Honor acknowledged with Mr. al Rahdi being the only person searching for responsive records. That's a double concern because you are dealing not only with two organizations but with two organizations with offices not only throughout Saudi Arabia but throughout the SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

16 16N4TERC world. So I am not really sure how it would be feasibly 2 possible for Mr. al Rahdi to single-handedly conduct a search 3 for responsive documents. It seems impossible. 4 MR. McMAHON: Your Honor, in his affidavit Mr. al 5 Rahdi had pointed out that he had I believe two or three 6 individuals who were assisting him. I don't want to have this 7 come across as he's the only individual; he is overseeing the 8 process. 9 THE COURT: I thought that was in relation to 10 generating the index rather than necessarily harvesting 11 documents; do I recall that incorrectly? 12 MR. McMAHON: I am sorry, your Honor? 13 THE COURT: I thought that the reference to two or 14 three other people was that there was a team that was 15 generating this large master index of files. I don't remember 16 there being a reference to the team harvesting documents. 17 MR. McMAHON: You may be right, your Honor. I think 18 what we were making reference to is that Mr. al Rahdi had 19 discovered 6,000 folders that were responsive on the Muslim 20 World League side to the document requests, 6,000 folders, your Honor. It's going to cost a fortune to do that. I think 21 22 that's what he's making reference to. So perhaps you are 23 right, your Honor. 24 MR. CARTER: Your Honor, one issue that shouldn't be 25 lost in the conversation about the 8 categories is that the SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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court issued a subsequent order on April 27, directing the IIRO to produce documents relating to other unrelated issues, distinct from the 8 categories. Those included records relating to Mohammed Jamal Khalifa, another individual named Wa'el Jelaidan, and the director named al Mujil.

Since the April 27 order was issued there has been absolutely no production relative to any of those issues. So there has been a focus on a few discrete aspects of the 8 categories. We don't think that that is complete. There has been nothing as to the other order.

Adding to the problems, Mr. McMahon suggested there was a conciliatory tone. What there wasn't was any outreach to us in advance of any of the expirations of these deadlines at all to let us know that there was going to be a problem, to let us know that they were not going to be able to comply with the court's order. It's all after the fact and only after we invest the time and effort to come before the court again on an issue that really should have been put to bed.

THE COURT: What I am inclined to do is to put this over to the July 12 or 13 conference. I think I have made my position clear which is that if a persuasive showing can be made that MWL and IIRO have not fully complied with the rulings that I made on April 12 and April 26, those organizations may be facing a more formal motion that I would entertain which if my recommendation were to be accepted by Judge Daniels might SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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lead to the entry of default judgments against those organizations. By the same token, if you are not getting paid and move to withdraw on another route, they could end up in the same position.

So I am inclined to put this off because there is not much point in my simply saying you really have to comply with orders that I last time and the time before said you really have to comply with. But really the burden is it seems to me on your clients, Mr. McMahon, to establish that they have complied, putting aside questions of timeliness of the compliance.

I don't think I said it before, but as far as I am concerned anything that is produced by anybody needs to be Bates-stamped because it's difficult enough that we are dealing with documents in Arabic and there may be translations down the road, if we have piles of documents that are not Bates-stamped, this is rapidly going to spin even more out of control than it may be now.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, we have a double problem with regard to Bates-stamping as far as the IIRO is concerned. There were documents produced without Bates stamps. Then there was another production which repeated Bates stamps that were used in an earlier production with regard to different documents. So for instance, I directed Mr. Haefele to a particular Bates stamp the other day and he was looking at a SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

19 16N4TERC document from a 2008 production and I was looking at a document from 2011. So we have this very difficult problem. 2 3 THE COURT: Was there an order originally from Judge 4 Casey or whoever that said everything was to be Bates-stamped; was that part of one of the case management orders? 5 6 MR. CARTER: I don't recall it being part of the case 7 management orders; I know that it has been our practice on the 8 plaintiffs' side. 9 THE COURT: What I am going to do is issue an order 10 that says that all productions to the extent feasible, and by 11 that I mean technologically feasible not in terms of manpower, 12 will be Bates-stamped with non-repetitive numbers. Mr. 13 McMahon, if your clients have produced un-Bates-stamped documents or documents which bear numbers that have previously 14 15 been used, they are going to have to reproduce those documents with a new set of Bates numbers that don't use the same Bates 16 17 numbers for two discrete documents. 18 And I will expect that that also will have been 19 accomplished by July 12 or 13. So we are clear on that, before 20 July 12 or 13, not around or a day or two after whenever we 21 hold that conference. 22 MR. CARTER: With regard to holding us over to that 23 July 13 date. 24 THE COURT: I keep saying July 12 or 13; I guess we 25 have agreed it will be the 13th.

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MR. CARTER: Correct, your Honor. With regard to holding this issue over until that date, in the event there is a supplemental production that is received only a few days before, it will be impossible for us to address whether or not it's complete. That said, it may be self-evident, I am not inclined to completely delay the issue to a later date, but would just want to clarify that we may not be in a position to fully address whether the production has been complete by that date.

THE COURT: It may not give you sufficient time, but I will say that any additional documents that are going to be produced in an effort to convince you or me that the production is complete ought to be produced by July 8.

MR. CARTER: Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: From the plaintiffs' perspective is there anything else we should take up today?

MR. GOLDMAN: As a follow-up to this one, we are requesting that Mr. Carter's letter of June 16, we have leave to have docketed.

THE COURT: Sure. Anything else?

MR. McMAHON: I am sorry, can you repeat that.

THE COURT: Mr. Goldman was requesting that

Mr. Carter's letter of June 16 be docketed. But I think what I am going to do is direct that the letter to me of June 20 be docketed and the letter to you as an exhibit to that. Mr.

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McMahon, anything else you wanted to bring up today.

MR. McMAHON: Your Honor, there will be an ongoing problem with respect to producing documents for Wa'el Jelaidan. If you recall, maybe not, he was the humanitarian director during the Soviet occupation of Afghanistan. I believe there were some records and we produced; we just don't have anything. With respect to the Mr. Khalifa, we have given them everything we have. That's the guy who was in the Philippines who was totally exonerated. So we are going to have some situations where they have whatever we have and if they don't like it. And of course, with Wa'el Jelaidan, you are going back to 1989, your Honor.

THE COURT: Slow down; you can't see it but the court reporter may keel over.

MR. McMAHON: If you really want to order us in connection with Wa'el Jelaidan, he was the humanitarian director during the Soviet occupation of Afghanistan. My understanding is he didn't work for IIRO-SA; he helped refugees of course. We don't have any records for him and we don't have any records for Mr. Khalifa other than those we have produced. They may not like that but that's what our ultimate position is going to be on those people.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, with regard to Mr. Khalifa in particular, I think we probably need some clarification from the IIRO as to where the documents went, because what we know SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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is that he was the director of several offices of the IIRO for a number of years, was responsible for making disbursements, for initiating and managing projects.

All we have with regard to Mr. Khalifa are a series of letters and newspaper articles in which he claims his innocence. So, we are receiving everything that the IIRO has that would present its view that he was not a central figure in using the IIRO to promote Al Qaeda, but we don't have any of the operational documents relating to his tenure as an official.

The same thing for Mr. al Mujil. With regard to Mr. Jelaidan, there are references in the indexes that were provided to Mr. Jelaidan's name, so I suspect that there are records. So I think it would probably be in Mr. McMahon's best interest to check back.

THE COURT: One would think. Yes.

 $\,$ MR. CARTER: I suppose we will cross that bridge when we get to it.

MR. McMAHON: Your Honor, you should know that that Khalifa individual, he goes back to 1992. He is certainly not current. He was arrested in 1993 by the U.S. authorities and then tried in absentia in Jordan. As of 1992, that's the end of Khalifa's working days in the Philippines with IIRO-SA.

MR. CARTER: The few documents we have actually say something different from that; they say he was there for some SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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23 16N4TERC 1 period after 1992. MR. McMAHON: How can it be? He was in jail; he was 3 under arrest. 4 MR. CARTER: He was briefly detained in the United 5 States; he was not in jail throughout that period of time. 6 THE COURT: One thing that Mr. McMahon had suggested 7 was that the person you are relying on to review the documents, 8 or I guess the indices, have a discussion with the person who 9 the defendants are using for the same purpose and I guess I 10 don't see much harm in that. Why should that not occur? 11 MR. CARTER: There's a whole group of people who need 12 to be used to analyze this information. The analysis of 13 information in this case requires a rather unique set of skills. It's not really translating; it's having substantive 14 15 knowledge regarding particular activities, particular 16 individuals, networks. 17 THE COURT: I am really focusing, maybe I didn't make 18 it clear, on the indices, the two indices, and how they were generated, what you perceive as the shortcomings, why they 19 perceive them as adequate, and perhaps dealing with some of the 20 issues where you say just the file organization suggests that 21 there must be must be other indices. I guess what I am 23 proposing is that whoever is generating that belief on your 24 side communicate with whoever thinks they have done an adequate 25 job on their side as part of an informal meet and confer to see SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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whether the two sides can get closer together on that, whether one side has a fundamental misunderstanding, or perhaps just confirm that each side thinks its position is correct and there is no meeting of the minds.

MR. CARTER: The difficulty from our perspective is that there is this constant effort to shift to the plaintiffs the burden of explaining to the Muslim World League and IIRO the nature of their discovery obligations and why they are not fulfilling them. We have already invested thousands and thousands of dollars to needlessly translate documents that are not responsive or are duplicative. Mr. McMahon's answer to that is to spend thousands more dollars to fly people around the world talk to his guy.

THE COURT: I am not suggesting a face-to-face discussion. This can be done by telephone; this can be done by Skype.

MR. CARTER: There is an additional issue that we have been reluctant for a variety of reasons to disclose the identities of our non-testifying consultants who are working. Some of them may have a concern about, a personal concern about identifying their participation and involvement. That's another layer of the problem.

(Pause)

THE COURT: At the stage where you are making a motion, if it comes to that, aren't you going to have to SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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disclose somebody who is in a position to testify or affirm or declare in a way that reflects personal knowledge what the inadequacies are. Maybe it can be done by saying what your letter alludes to, that there are attributes of the documents that show that documents ought to be easier to find than through this after-the-fact index that was constructed. But it seems to me that, and I understand your concern, if you are not willing to disclose at least some of these people, it may be difficult for you to make your case in relation to the motion.

MR. CARTER: We appreciate that at some point for that purpose we may have to disclose someone who can file an affidavit. Frankly, your Honor, we have not exactly determined as a practical matter how we are going to approach that problem which is something that we are considering. I think the broader problem with the indexes is that they are not going to move the ball at all. They are literally that fundamentally deficient of any value, that having a meeting won't help us at all. What will help is getting the documents that were subject to the two orders. The indexes were this separate initiative of the IIRO to presumably demonstrate some good faith.

With regard to how they were manufactured and created, it seems to me that this is something that the attorneys should be able to discuss in a meaningfully intelligent way between one another. Mr. McMahon has made it clear that he Skypes with Mr. al Rahdi regularly. They can have a conversation about how SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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he approached putting this index together. Then we can sit down meet and confer as counsel to try to move forward. It's not so much that they are in Arabic, your Honor. We can see translations; we can find ways.

THE COURT: How about an informal meet and confer, again whether it's on Skype or just a conference call, that involves you or whoever the designee is on your side, and I am suggesting an attorney, Mr. McMahon, Mr. al Rahdi, who I gather speaks English, and if need be, an Arabic translator so that if there are problems you can get past them without the consultant or consultants who you don't want to disclose, just to convey what your concerns are and see whether there are some explanations that perhaps you are missing.

MR. CARTER: I don't have an objection to doing that. I don't want to displace the focus on the documents.

THE COURT: It seems to me the focus would be on the 8 categories of documents and the additional documents in the April 26 or 27 order. If we get to the stage of motion practice, but just because we seem to spend a lot of time talking about the indices, I think what I will do is direct that such a meet and confer occur in advance of the July 13 conference. So that said is there anything else either side believes ought to be taken up today?

MR. McMAHON: Yes, your Honor. With respect to this issue of perhaps a refusal to identify who are these SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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individuals who are saying this is not a good faith production, I would like to know what their qualifications are if they are 3 not going to provide me with their names, what are their 4 qualifications, because we are relying on Mr. Carter's observations that this has not been produced, that has not been 6 produced. I would like to know what the qualifications of those individuals are. I don't understand, is it a personal 7 safety issue, that is, if you identify somebody by the name of 8 9 Bill Smith someone is going harm him. I don't understand that. 10 I would like some clarification on that.

MR. CARTER: With regard to the qualifications, you don't really need any particularized qualifications to stand in front of the court and say we don't really have a document that says the name al Mujil. That was one of the categories of documents that were to have been produced. So, some of these things are more fundamental than requiring some internalized personal knowledge of the operations of these organizations. So, once we get the supplemental production, we will have to reanalyze whether or not there is a need to have someone with personalized knowledge or some expertise serve as the affiant.

THE COURT: I gather you are using two types of people, one as to whom you have security concerns who have knowledge of the operation of these organizations, I am not asking you to say yes or no, but also, and it may be the same people, folks who simply speak Arabic and are looking through SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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the index or other documents and telling you what they say.

MR. CARTER: I think you are correct in the first part. With respect to the analysis of the Arabic, you still need someone with a background in counterterrorism issues to make any legitimate headway of documents in this area.

THE COURT: I stand by my directive that there be a meet and confer without those folks on your side; maybe it won't move the ball, maybe it will. But in relation to the total expenditure that both sides are making in this case, having a conference call should not be unduly expensive. Maybe it will shed some light on these issues.

MR. CARTER: One thing I mentioned earlier is that we would appreciate an explanation regarding documents that no longer exist but did at one time exist and when they were destroyed. That's part of the instructions in the document requests. Can we get clarification on the record that to the extent it's the position of the Muslim World League and IIRO that a category of documents relating to a particular category no longer exists, we receive some explanation as to where they went.

MR. McMAHON: Your Honor, I know we produced the document retention policy for the organizations; that was a while ago. But I can certainly try to get to the bottom of that, to the extent there are no Wa'el Jelaidan documents, when was the last time there were such documents and were they SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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disposed of.

THE COURT: Hopefully that can be part of the discussion I just directed. Anything else on plaintiffs' side?

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, Mr. McMahon and I had an exchange at one point. We noticed in one of Mr. al Rahdi's affidavits that he took the position that I believe it was the IIRO had two gather categories of documents, public documents, and documents that were essentially documents of the government and the kingdom and therefore immune from production as a result of the kingdom's sovereign immunity.

We have asked Mr. McMahon to clarify for us as to whether there is an entire class of documents that are not being searched so that we can determine whether or not we need to file a motion on that issue and I have not heard back. So I'd simply ask that we a receive response to that as well.

 $\,$ MR. McMAHON: Your Honor, we have been in dialogue with the kingdom's attorneys on that issue to determine what the nature of the documents is.

THE COURT: When you say the kingdom's attorneys, that's Kellogg Huber.

MR. McMAHON: Yes, your Honor. He's been very busy but we have been trying to go back and forth on that just to narrow the scope of the issues here. If this is just some mundane correspondence, go at it, but if there is some, as I am told, sensitive attorney-client issues, then I think we just SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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have to log them in a privilege log and explain to Mr. Carter why those won't be produced. I am a little lost until there is a further dialogue, but I am working on that issue.

THE COURT: But you should convey to Mr. Kellogg, although he has been lurking in the shadows, that he and his firm or his client kingdom may have to come to court to clarify this issue also.

MR. McMAHON: The charities are very concerned that they would do anything to violate the kingdom's rulings on something. I got to the bottom of that. They are quite fearful that the kingdom will take the view that they did something wrong. That's what I am trying to get into as an issue, your Honor.

MR. CARTER: One issue I would mention that may expedite the conversations between Mr. McMahon and Mr. Kellogg is that when Mr. Kellogg was representing the kingdom, he did file a brief of record in which the kingdom disclaimed that either the Muslim World League or IIRO were agencies, instrumentalities, or organs of the kingdom. So I can't conceive how they would have governmental documents if that's the kingdom's position.

MR. McMAHON: I have one final question. Are we briefing you on these issues before the 13th; are they going to file a motion; where are we?

THE COURT: I will entertain letters. I would like SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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them three days before. Let me be more clear about that. if I get them Monday by 5:00, that's fine as far as I am concerned, but formal briefing, no, but what I have been trying to indicate is that we may be headed towards formal briefing to the extent that plaintiffs seek sanctions.

MR. CARTER: I am confused about what application the Monday-by-5:00 deadline would apply to, whether or not that is in reference to this question of the documents being subject to sovereign immunity or rather to the question of whether or not the Muslim World League and IIRO have made complete production.

MR. McMAHON: I think it's the latter. I want to be able to show the judge that we have made complete production on 1 to 8 for both MWL and IIRO-SA; I want the judge to see that.

THE COURT: I guess what I am saying is any issues that you want to take up on the 13th, I want letters on by close of business on the 11th. I recognize that because of the schedule we have been talking about, it may be difficult if not impossible for there to be a joint letter, so individual letters are fine.

MR. CARTER: I have to express some concern.

THE COURT: The two letters or however many letters I get may be addressing different issues without opportunity to respond, I understand that, but we have been muddling our way through this thus far and I guess we will continue to do that.

MR. CARTER: The one concern I have about the SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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      sovereign immunity issue is that, without having received a
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      response, it would put us in a difficult position where the
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     kingdom can now jump in and file some extensive letter
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      asserting immunity as to documents in the possession of the
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     IIRO and Muslim World League.
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               THE COURT: But it also might explain why there are
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      enormous gaps from your perspective in what you are getting
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     because the MWL and IIRO are taking the position that many of
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     the documents are subject to the kingdom's sovereign immunity.
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      So I would worry less about getting sandbagged and more about
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     hopefully about getting some information that we can deal with
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      on the 13th.
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               MR. CARTER: OK. Thank you, your Honor.
               THE COURT: Anything else, Mr. McMahon?
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               MR. McMAHON: I hope you have a wonderful day. I am
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      exhausted. Have a wonderful day.
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               THE COURT: Don't hang up just yet.
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               MR. HAEFELE: I want to make one clarification. The
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      invitation for the letters three days before was relative to
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     Muslim World League and IIRO issues, correct; it wasn't an
      invitation for letters on the multiple other things.
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               THE COURT: No. Any other issues that concern other
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     parties, the usual briefing schedule should apply.
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               MR. HAEFELE: That's all I need, your Honor.
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               THE COURT: Thank you all.
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   UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
    SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
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 3 In Re: TERRORIST ATTACKS ON
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           SEPTEMBER 11, 2001
                                      03 MDL 1570 (GBD)
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 5
                                       New York, N.Y.
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                                        November 16, 2011
 6
                                        2:30 p.m.
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   Before:
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           HON. FRANK MAAS
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                                       Magistrate Judge
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           APPEARANCES
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19 Attorneys for Burnett Plaintiffs
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    ANDERSON KILL & OLICK, P.C.
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3 1bgr911c 1 (Case called) 2 THE COURT: Good afternoon everyone. Sorry we are 3 starting late. I guess we had some phone issues. One of the motions that is pending before me relates 5 to Pete Seda. I plan to resolve that motion shortly, but I had 6 some factual questions that I want to make sure I'm accurate in 7 my understanding in what I recite. 8 As to the documents that were seized pursuant to a 9 search warrant, it's not clear to me whether those were seized 10 from Mr. Seda's residence, from AHIF USA, or both. 11 MR. KABAT: You mean the documents that came from Al 12 Haramain's law firm? 13 THE COURT: They were documents you say you can't turn over because they were returned to Mr. Seda by the government, 14 15 and under the Federal Defenders' understanding of the 16 magistrate judge's order in Oregon, those documents can't be 17 produced. Those documents, as I understand it, were seized 18 pursuant to a search warrant from somewhere. I just don't know 19 where somewhere is. MR. KABAT: From where Al Haramain is headquartered, 20 21 which is also where Mr. Seda lives. 22 THE COURT: So the office was his house? MR. KABAT: He lived in the office. Al Haramain owned 23 24 the building where he lived. 25 THE COURT: Fair enough. That answers one of my SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

1bgr911c questions. Then were the documents returned to him before 2 trial, do you know? 3 MR. KABAT: Yes. They were turned over according to 4 the Rule 16 protective order, that is, after Mr. Seda returned 5 to this country and before the trial. 6 THE COURT: So once the magistrate judge signed the 7 protective order, then the documents were returned? 8 MR. KABAT: I believe that's the correct timing. 9 THE COURT: I should be able to determine this from 10 the docket sheet. I assume that the charges against AHIF USA 11 were dismissed prior to trial, correct? 12 MR. KABAT: Correct. 13 THE COURT: I think that's all I wanted to clear up 14 with regard to Mr. Seda. 15 I have the letters that have been submitted with 16 regard to various sanctions applications. I also have the 17 binder that the plaintiff sent me relating to their October 18 17th motion regarding Wa'el Jalaidan. There are a number of 19 other groups of exhibits that relate to the MWL/IIRO and Wa'el 20 Jalaidan motions that have been submitted that I don't have. 21 I'm not quite sure what the explanation for that is. 22 In some instances I think I have a reasonable 23 understanding of what the information is. For example, in the 24 affidavits of Mr. al-Radhi and Mr. al-Mujeel and others that 25 Mr. McMahon submitted, I don't have the affidavits themselves. SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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I'm not sure what the explanation is, whether it never got sent to me, whether it ended up in Judge Daniels' chambers. They recarpeted my chambers and moved me in and out, so I may be to blame. But I will need copies of the binders other than the October 17th motion binder of exhibits sent to me in relation to these motions.

That raises in my mind the related question of whether, going forward, to the extent that there were motions similar to these, they should be done on formal motion papers rather than letter motions.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, we had raised at various times the notion that certain of these motions should probably be docketed just to preserve the record.

THE COURT: Sure, the letters certainly would be docketed or should be docketed. You're basically saying toss the answer, for example, of MWL/IIRO and put them in a circumstance where a default judgment would be entered eventually. That's fairly significant relief. It seems odd to be doing it on a letter application, although the letter application is single space is probably longer than a double-spaced set of motion papers would be.

I'm trying to think through, since conceivably there will be a lot more motion practice as we go forward, whether for motions like this it makes sense to proceed by letter or formal motion papers or you don't care.

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MR. CARTER: Your Honor, I don't think that we care. It harkens back to one of the original case orders that requires that all original discovery motions be done by letter, if my recollection is correct. We have just adhered to that practice.

THE COURT: Unless somebody on the defense side has a different view, I'm content to go forward that way. It just occurred to me that might account for some of the problem I had in terms of some of the exhibits, although I hadn't had that problem in the past.

MR. McMAHON: Your Honor, this is Mr. McMahon. I would prefer for you to decide. I want to get clarified in my mind, we owe you copies of all affidavits that we served with our opposition letter for the motion for sanctions, is that it? THE COURT: Yes, exactly.

MR. McMAHON: On Wa'el Jalaidan we filed a memorandum letter opposition as well as an affidavit. Do you have that?

THE COURT: Let me tell you what I have. I have your September 26th letter relating to MWL and IIRO, and it says,
"In addition to the exhibits referenced herein, attached are."

The "attached are" part I'm missing.

On the plaintiffs' side I have the affirmation of Scott Tarbutton dated October 14, 2011, annexing three exhibits. In relation to your letter about Wa'el Jalaidan, if the only attachment is his affidavit, I have that. Is it SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

7 1bgr911c correct, Mr. McMahon, that that is the only affidavit? 2 MR. McMAHON: I believe that's the case, your Honor. 3 THE COURT: I missed that. I guess all I'm missing is 4 the affidavits that relate to your opposition relating to MWL 5 and IIRO. 6 MR. McMAHON: The 9/26 letter exhibits, yes. 7 THE COURT: Yes. 8 MR. McMAHON: What is the best way, your Honor, to get 9 you physical possession of those? FedEx them to your chambers? 10 THE COURT: Exactly. 11 MR. CARTER: Your Honor, for clarification on our end, 12 these are the exhibits that were submitted in support of the 13 motion for sanctions as to the Muslim World and IIRO. Does the Court have something approximating this? 14 15 THE COURT: Yes. Because of its impressive girth, I 16 didn't bring it upstairs today. 17 MR. CARTER: That's why I made Mr. Tarbutton carry it. 18 THE COURT: Turning to MWL and IIRO, one of the things 19 Mr. McMahon says in his papers is that he has 12,000 pages of 20 exhibits, possibly more, kicking around his office that you and 21 your colleagues have declined to come look at. 22 MR. CARTER: Your Honor, we received notification of 23 the existence of those documents on the very day we were filing 24 the motion for sanctions. We were very reluctant to continue to embrace a moving target relative to what had been produced SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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and what had not been produced.

We simply asked Mr. McMahon to brief the dispute on the record that existed as of the deadline that the Court had set and hold those documents to the extent the Court declined to place his clients in default. Obviously, our papers take the position that that universe of documents still doesn't represent anything nearly close to compliance with the Court's orders.

THE COURT: Just so I'm clear, and I know I've asked this question before, from the plaintiffs' perspective what is the relationship between MWL and IIRO?

MR. CARTER: The Muslim World League is, for lack of a better term, the parent of the IIRO. The Muslim World League established the IIRO in, if I remember correctly, 1978 primarily to serve as an operational arm so that the Muslim World would set broad policies and the IIRO would carry out operational activities that served those general policy interests. Although, we have seen in many instances that the Muslim World League also maintains operational presences and carries out operations on its own.

THE COURT: Mr. McMahon, I'm not wholly clear on what your present position is as to the extent to which the parent organization or organizations, in the plural, control the branches. I saw some reference to certain branches being within the control of the central agency, but I thought I saw SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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another one that essentially conceded that all of the branches are under the control of the parent organizations. Let me get from you what your position is to that.

MR. McMAHON: Yes, your Honor. I want to get back to the 12,000 pages. For your information, your Honor, we took the time to put those on CD's, and they are ready to go if Mr. Carter wants those.

With respect to your pertinent question here, they are separate entities. There may be certain parts of the globe where there is an MWL office and an IIRO office, but they are separate entities, have separate charters. We don't deem IIRO to be a subsidiary of the MWL.

THE COURT: I'm asking a slightly different question. For IIRO, for example, to the extent that the plaintiffs are seeking documents from branch offices, what is your position as to the IIRO's ability to secure documents from the Indonesian branch, the London branch, etc.? Is it branch-specific or do you concede that all of the branches, in terms of document flow, are within the control of the parent?

MR. McMAHON: No, your Honor, we don't concede that. We would look to IIRO for the different office records in terms of a particular branch, like the Philippines, which the plaintiffs are very interested in. At one point I think the MWL had presence there, but IIRO has whatever records IIRO it

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If the Court orders, I don't know what MWL records exist for the Philippines, because if there was an operational arm there at some juncture, I thought it was IIRO. I would think, your Honor, that you look to the IIRO branch. Your Honor, I only did due diligence in the sense that I did it at six or seven of the offices. I don't want you to think that I traveled the globe and visited every one of those offices. I haven't.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, I think there is a fair degree of specificity within the actual filings concerning the relationship between the headquarters of the IIRO and various branch offices.

 $\,$ THE COURT: When you say the filings, do you mean the letter briefing that I have?

MR. CARTER: Yes, for the sanctions. They make clear that it is a highly centralized organization, that none of the branch offices engage in any activity from the hiring of an employee, to the opening of a bank account, to the issuance of a check to a potential payee without authorization of the headquarters. There are controls in place requiring those branch offices to turn documents back to the headquarters on a routine basis.

We even see as a practical matter in the course of this litigation Mr. al-Radhi mentions that, among other things, he went to Indonesia at one point and the Indonesian office was SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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directed to give him anything he wanted. The same is true for the Muslim World League, and we think that the papers lay that out. It's their own documents.

THE COURT: I understand your position. I just wanted to understand Mr. McMahon's. I'm not sure I fully understand it now. I think perhaps the better way to approach this is to look at some specific requests.

The April 12th order, for the moment focusing on the first request, asked for annual, semiannual, and other periodic financial reports of the two organizations, including branch offices, including a number of specified documents. Let's focus on financial reports.

I understand that your position, Mr. McMahon, is periodic reports would be submitted, they'd be consolidated into an annual report, and then the periodic reports would not be retained. Do I have that right?

MR. McMAHON: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: I assume what you are telling me when you say that is that IIRO central, for example, in Saudi Arabia, would not keep the periodic reports once it had an annual report.

MR. McMAHON: Right, your Honor. I think I addressed that on page 13 of our letter opposition response, branch office reporting, number 5.

THE COURT: It's a little hard to understand, if some SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

12 1bgr911c of these organizations have a thousand or thousands of employees, how 12,000 pages, even if it's all financial 3 records, would be all the financial records, quarterly, etc., that relate to all of these branches for a multiyear period. Are you representing that in response to this first category 6 somebody, Mr. al-Radhi or somebody else, on behalf of IIRO 7 queried every branch office to secure the documents that 8 plaintiffs have requested? 9 MR. McMAHON: Your Honor, I believe that's the case. 10 I will have to go back and check his affidavit. As I said at 11 page 13 paragraph 5, these documents were apparently sent to 12 counsel's office. 13 THE COURT: Just to avoid the game of chicken, I'm 14 going to direct that you provide that CD to plaintiffs' counsel 15 and also that plaintiffs' counsel review it. 16 MR. McMAHON: There are 12 CD's. 17 THE COURT: Like I said, the 12 CD's. I don't want to 18 leave anybody in suspense. It's not my intent at the end of today to grant or recommend -- I think it would be a grant, 19 20 since this is a discovery issue -- dispositive relief in terms of something like striking the answer of any of these 21 defendants. But I do think, unless I'm convinced otherwise, we 23 may be heading in that direction. 24 MR. McMAHON: Does your Honor have a viewpoint on the 25 bank documents we have, which are difficult to read? I asked

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Mr. Cater to send somebody down here to look at these. We inquired of the bank about a digital format, but that may be months away. I simply suggest to send somebody down to look at the bank records.

THE COURT: I didn't go back through prior transcripts, but I thought that there was a representation at some prior session that there was no digital version of this. Maybe the representation was just that there was no digital file at these defendants' offices.

MR. McMAHON: I think at that time, your Honor, we didn't have total definition on this issue. But subsequently, in conference with the bank of Mr. al-Radhi, we discovered that there is a hardcopy, and if they are to have access to the digital records, that would take an enormous amount of time. I know I referenced that somewhere that that is something that is still --

THE COURT: You say it would take I guess it was at least six months. One of the things that plaintiffs pointed out was the letter request seeking these documents, I guess from just one bank, was dated August 15th, which hardly suggests that the defendants are proceeding with dispatch.

MR. McMAHON: Your Honor, I addressed this in point 4 on page 13, right before 5. I just want to know what to do with these records, because we do have them. I want you to know that I made the offer to come and visit and see if they SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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 can read these banking records if they so terribly want them. I can't be more definite on what is in here regarding any digital version.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, my recollection of this is that we were initially told that this was an old dot matrix printout of some banking records and that there were no digital files that could ever be identified. When we interviewed Mr. al-Radhi at Mr. McMahon's request, what he told us is that these were banking records that were printed out by their banks during the course of this litigation. That prompted an inquiry from us.

If that is the case, then digital files have existed during the course of this litigation. Has anyone gone and asked them to print it again so that we can have a legible copy or to give us the digital files? Mr. al-Radhi said we've never asked them.

So, the first representation was that we've had checked, it doesn't exist. The second representation is no one ever asked. It's just difficult for us to figure out what the actual playing field is.

THE COURT: It seems to me that there is an obligation to produce records not just in the possession of a party but those that are in their custody or control. To the extent that there are electronic records or files that are available from the banks, those have to be requested in a timely fashion and SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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It also seems to me that the request, unless Mr. Carter tells me otherwise, extends to each branch of the organization. And to the extent that there are nonduplicative files in the branches, those have to be produced, whether it's burdensome or not.

This whole case is about money being diverted toward terrorist goals. As I understand it, the lion's share of the effort is to see where money went. So the notion that this is a lot of paper or bytes of information and therefore burdensome, Mr. McMahon, doesn't really resonate to be me.

MR. McMAHON: OK, your Honor. I went back and tried to find the reference to the banking records. That's in paragraph 22, I guess, of Mr. al-Radhi's affidavit. My team has also inquired of the al-Radhi bank if they have a digital record of financial banking transactions, and they have stated such inquiries should be requested to the head office and it might take six months, and we are in the process of doing that accordingly.

THE COURT: I assume if you had a large number of branches, there is also a fairly large number of banks. What is required here is not one request to one bank but, to the extent that records don't exist in the branches themselves, many requests to many banks.

While I said that I'm certainly at this stage not SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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going to grant dispositive sanctions, at some point Mr. al-Radhi or somebody else, as a 30(b)(6) witness, is going to testify as to the efforts that these defendants made in response to these requests.

Except to the extent that the two sides can agree that some branch office is not relevant, if each branch office is not queried and the documents from that branch produced, as far as I'm concerned that will have been an inadequate search and may lead to dispositive sanctions.

MR. McMAHON: I hear and appreciate that, your Honor.
MR. CARTER: Your Honor, we focused a lot during the
discussion today on the financial records and bank statements,
but there were a number of other categories.

THE COURT: I had written down, just on the April 12th order, I was going to focus on 1, 3, 4, 6, and 8. We don't have time to go through each one. I know 2 is important to you, but you seemed to get a list of orphans, so I skipped that one.

3 relates to the annual constituent council meetings where it would appear that there should be centrally located files. To the extent that there is something from the Philippines' office, as an example, that the main office doesn't have, if the Philippines office has it, it needs to be produced from that office.

I guess 4 is similar, although I would imagine Mr. SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

17 1bgr911c McMahon is going to tell me that some of this is among the 12,000 documents that he has for your review. MR. McMAHON: Yes, your Honor. 3 4 MR. CARTER: Your Honor, with regard to category 2, 5 for instance, I know that it's been the defendants' response to 6 that to produce orphan records. 7 THE COURT: I thought we had agreed that it's 8 everything but orphans. 9 MR. KREINDLER: It is everything but orphans. One of 10 the reasons that we want clarification on this issue is because 11 it is about the identity of the parties to whom they 12 transferred money. The orphans aren't of interest, but some of 13 the organizations that received money are. MR. McMAHON: As I'm sure you read, your Honor, 50 14 15 percent of IIRO's annual expenses go to these orphans. 16 THE COURT: You don't have to segregate out orphans. 17 That's the plaintiffs' problem. But telling me about widows 18 and orphans doesn't really resolve the problem of producing 19 complete records that relate to who received aid during the years we're talking about from either of the two defendants. 20 MR. McMAHON: Every entity that receives any kind of 21 22 aid has to be identified? 23 THE COURT: Correct. 24 Talk for a moment about audits. It seems to me the 25 defendants will not have done their job as to audits unless SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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they have searched their own records to make sure that if they have retained copies of audit reports and the documents that underlie the audit reports -- I guess the first of those is more likely than the second -- that that be produced. Saying, well, we'll contact the auditor and see whether they will give it to us if a copy of the audit report is sitting in IIRO's office doesn't cut it, as far as I'm concerned.

MR. McMAHON: I hear your Honor. You want any and all records produced that are still in the possession or control of the charities that in any way supported the audit.

THE COURT: Or that are the audit, yes.

MR. McMAHON: OK.

THE COURT: Whether that is found in Saudi Arabia or in the Philippines office doesn't much matter. Somebody, Mr. al-Radhi or somebody else, in an organized way has to query all of these offices and be in a position to say what was done to follow up, and you really need to document the process.

As an example, in the April 26th order there was a requirement that records that relate to Mr. al-Mujeel be produced. There is a representation that the Indonesian office was checked, but I gather he worked in the eastern province office. It would be a little like reviewing the files of the Southern District for an Eastern District of New York case. That doesn't seem to be terribly helpful or likely to adduce responsive documents.

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MR. McMAHON: I understand, your Honor. Thank you. THE COURT: I know you understand. I thought I was reasonably clear about this in our prior conferences. We don't seem to be moving forward. Perhaps it is that we never will and that the plaintiffs' motion ultimately will be granted. Even though you have been to Saudi Arabia, it sounds like folks don't understand what their duties are.

For example, saying that somebody has contracted to have a further audit of records to my mind is somewhat inexplicable in that the plaintiffs don't want audit documents created now, they want preexisting financial records and audits. It's interesting, I suppose, that perhaps as part of your defense somebody is doing an audit, but it really doesn't relate at all, as far as I'm concerned, to document discovery in this case.

Let me jump ahead a little. At some point Mr. McMahon will tell me that these organizations have produced all of the records they have and I have indicated that I think it is going to be appropriate to test that through a deposition of one or more 30(b)(6) witnesses. Where will a deposition like that take place?

MR. McMAHON: Your Honor, perhaps we can answer that. We can very easily arrange to have that done in London.

THE COURT: That may be the answer.

MR. McMAHON: I think they even have a London office, SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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one of these law firms.

THE COURT: Looking at the number of people in the courtroom, I'm sure one of these law firms has a London office or can find a room at Heathrow.

In terms of the indices, I agree that the responsibility of producing documents can't be shifted from the defendants to the plaintiffs, but I'm not sure that the plaintiffs have really looked through the indices to see whether there are categories of documents that can be excluded or focused on or prioritized or whatever.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, as I've said, we have had people go through the hundred or so thousand cells within the spreadsheet. There really is not enough in a descriptive sense to allow us to use them. So, they have limited value.

MR. McMAHON: Maybe Mr. Carter can send me a brief email on one of those categories, your Honor, to point out why that particular characterization is too limited to afford the 9/11 lawyers to say that's the document I want.

THE COURT: I'll go further than that. You said that there was an attempted meet-and-confer but that plaintiffs' counsel, it appeared to you, didn't have the indices with them.

MR. McMAHON: Right.

THE COURT: I'm going to direct that there be a meet-and-confer where both sides have the indices and you can have a discussion about what they do or don't shed light on.

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1bgr911c 1 MR. McMAHON: OK. That would be before our 30(b)(6)? 2 THE COURT: Presumably. 3 MR. McMAHON: Yes. 4 THE COURT: I view the 30(b)(6) as at a very late 5 stage of this process. Conceivably, if the defendants produced 6 all the documents they had and convinced the plaintiffs that 7 that were so, there would be no need for a 30(b)(6) witness as 8 to the document search. But if we are headed in the direction 9 of dispositive sanctions, I want there to be a clear record. 10 MR. McMAHON: I understand, your Honor. 11 THE COURT: I'm picking at random parts of the papers. 12 There is a request for records that relate to the expulsion of 13 some folks from which office? MR. McMAHON: The expulsion of offices allegedly from 14 15 Pakistan. It's based on a newspaper clipping, your Honor. It 16 refers to Arab charities. 17 THE COURT: But the response is (a) nobody has been 18 arrested and (b) the conviction was thrown out. There is a lot 19 of argument on both sides about the merits of this case, which 20 in terms of discovery is largely irrelevant. MR. McMAHON: There was no conviction, your Honor. 21 22 THE COURT: That's fine. But the request is not for 23 records related to the conviction or the arrest of folks in 24 Pakistan. It's as to the expulsion of one or more people from 25 Pakistan. It may be that nobody was expelled, but the response SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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doesn't say that. It talks about the convictions were thrown out. It talks about nobody was arrested. The response, it seems to me, is not responsive. There either are or are not records that relate to the expulsion of officers or employees from Pakistan.

MR. McMAHON: The reference to Arab charities, your Honor, that's kind of broad. That's what it says. That's the problem. There could be a ton of Arab charities involved, and maybe some of them were expelled for whatever reason.

THE COURT: Let me get back to that portion of the letter of plaintiffs. It's page 15 of plaintiffs' letter.

MR. McMAHON: It's actually page 9, your Honor.

THE COURT: Page 15 of, I'm sorry, your letter says, and you're quoting from the request, that you haven't produced any documents related to the expulsion of IIRO personnel from the Islamic Republic of Pakistan. I suffer because I haven't read that al-Radhi affirmation, but you're saying that the fact that that didn't occur is confirmed by the director general's office stating in a letter that "no employee has so far been arrested having a link with al-Qaeda, the government of Pakistan, or any other investigating agency. The office is running smoothly," etc.

The office could be running smoothly, nobody could have been arrested or had a conviction that was affirmed, and yet a dozen people could have been expelled. If there were no SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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 documents that relate to expulsion because nobody was expelled, that's one thing, but there needs to be a clear response to the request.

MR. McMAHON: That was my understanding, your Honor. I went over that with Mr. al-Radhi. It was basically the newspaper clipping, to the extent he had any records pertaining to that, they should be produced. We didn't find any records for that. We'll verify that or re-verify.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, a few points. We have invested tremendous time and resources over a period of many months to get to the point where the Court is again directing these defendants to do what it told them to do back in April. The only basis we had to try and maintain integrity in the process was the fact that we did have some independent information verifying that they weren't complying with their discovery obligations.

It is only now that we have presented it to them that they are acknowledging some of these gaps. And now that we have made the case, they are going to start to begin this process of producing the documents. We have lost time, resources that could have been invested in other aspects of the case.

This kind of process of discovery only plays into a broader effort to outlast the plaintiffs by using up all of their resources before they can get to a point of having an SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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opportunity to litigate this case on the merits.

Where we are now is that we are going to have another meet-and-confer, Mr. McMahon and his clients are going to peruse droves of additional documents, and we are going to go back to the beginning with Arabic translators and consultants and everyone else combing through them in considerable detail to try and demonstrate that stuff has been withheld again.

I just don't know, given where we have come thus far, that there is much basis to think that there is going to be true compliance going forward or that there will be a reasonably obtainable methodology for demonstrating noncompliance once we have already sort of showed our hand.

MR. McMAHON: Your Honor my short response to that is Mr. Carter should take a look at the 12 disks, the CD's, the 12,000 pages, and maybe comment on that.

THE COURT: I have already directed that he do that. I recognize that the defendants, and perhaps not just these defendants, are a bit of a moving target, but I don't think it is appropriate to say, well, if they didn't give it to us by the date we filed our motion, we're not going to look at it.

Part of what I need to consider is prejudice, and it's hard to demonstrate prejudice if Mr. McMahon can say, well, if they'd opened the file or come to my office, all of the records they want are there, admittedly late, but they are there. I suspect if it's 12,000 documents, it may make a dent in what SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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 you are seeking, but it probably makes a fairly small dent.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, part of the prejudice I think
we would identify is that, for instance, the 12,000 documents
can include branch office reporting that in one of the early
filings we were told didn't exist. We then invested all the
time and resources to have investigators go out and collect
information and comb through documents to prove that they did
exist. The prejudice we have suffered so far, is the
incredible investment of money, time, and resources simply to
get to the point where the defendants acknowledge effectively,
yes, there's a whole bunch of stuff that we never looked for.

THE COURT: The alternative, I suppose, is to proceed directly to the 30(b)(6) deposition. That might put a finer point on what you are telling me and what seems to be correct in terms of what was and wasn't done. But I'm not sure that at the end of the day I wouldn't have to provide some relief short of throwing out the defendants' answer before taking that step.

I guess I understand your frustration. I'm prepared to move forward on the basis of the motion papers I already have, supplemented as is appropriate so that you are not starting from scratch again. But I do think we need to take this a step at a time.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, could we reserve at a minimum that if we get to the end of that process, the Court would entertain an application, if we fall short at the end of an SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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actual dispositive motion, for a motion for sanctions to recover some of the costs and expense we have incurred over nine months of simply proving that these documents exist?

THE COURT: Oh, sure. Yes.

MR. McMAHON: Your Honor, you should be aware that Mr. al-Radhi has invited these lawyers to come to London at his own expense or at the charity's expense to go to an overseas office and actually learn how the office operates. It would be a wonderful education for them. I wrote them and said WML would pay for that trip.

It is extraordinary, I think, the affirmative response from these charities to accommodate these attorneys. Keep in mind, your Honor, we have been sued for a trillion dollars. I have never been involved in one of these trillion-dollar lawsuits before. Now, with these 12,000 pages, we are up to 35,000 pages of discovery. But you have heard my speech before. I'm sorry.

THE COURT: The trillion-dollar ad damnum and the seriousness that you view it with is hard to square with an earlier stage where I think you were having trouble getting advanced sufficient funds to go to Saudi Arabia.

Putting that aside, I think there has to be greater focus here. I've said in the past that if I were the plaintiffs, I'd take you up on the offer to visit these offices. But if they want to proceed the way they are and on SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

27 1bgr911c the record they have, I'm not going to require that they go to 2 London or the Philippines or anyplace else. 3 MR. McMAHON: Your Honor, we should forget about, 4 then, the vendor proposals that we brought to your attention? 5 THE COURT: Yes. Getting a bid to copy every scrap of 6 paper, if that's what the offer is, in Saudi Arabia is a 7 nonstarter. The duty of identifying responsive documents 8 really belongs to the defendants. There are also other issues. 9 Once you move documents, for example, from Mecca to another 10 city, I don't know that you can say we're producing them as 11 they are maintained in the ordinary course and therefore the 12 plaintiffs have to come inspect them. 13 MR. McMAHON: I think in United LEXIS, your Honor --14 I'll have to go back and double-check -- there would be an 15 analysis of all the documents to say these documents are 16 responsive to number 1 or number 4 or number 6 or number 3. 17 THE COURT: I'm sorry, I didn't get that. 18 MR. McMAHON: I think in United LEXIS, your Honor, 19 there certainly was, for instance 2 to 6,000 MWL folders. 20 would be an attempt to narrow that down in the sense that these 21 are the documents that are necessarily responsive to X, go 22 through the use of classic work, discovery work. 23 THE COURT: I have directed that the two sides meet 24 and confer with regard to the indices that either will or won't shed light on this process. Given the track records so far, I 25

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understand the plaintiffs' reluctance to write a check for files that may or may not be responsive.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, if I could add one thing to that. After having spent all the time and money we have to prove that the documents exist, I think we are doubly reluctant to write a check, now that they acknowledge them to exist, for them to produce them. It's tripling the investment, effectively.

THE COURT: Let's move on, unless somebody wants to add something with respect to MWL and IIRO, to Wa'el Jalaidan.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, before we move on, I apologize, but we didn't set any time frame for this process.

THE COURT: That's true. I want to tie it to the discussion of the timetable for fact discovery in this case, which was one of the points you wanted to raise. In fact, let's do that next rather than moving on to Wa'el Jalaidan.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, I had some conversations with counsel for Dubai Islamic Bank and some of the other members of the defendants' executive committee about what we contemplated would be a brief extension of the rolling production probably to 60 days. The process that was just described with regard to the Muslim World League and IIRO gives me some pause to suggest that we can complete everything we are doing and the additional work with those defendants in 60 days.

THE COURT: Is it feasible to have, in terms of SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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     document discovery, two different schedules?
              MR. CARTER: I think that would be fine. You mean one
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 3
     as to the Muslim World League and IIRO and one as to other
     parties?
 5
              THE COURT: Yes.
 6
              MR. CARTER: That would be acceptable to us, I think.
              THE COURT: For the others you're proposing a 60-day
 7
 8
    extension?
 9
             MR. CARTER: Of the rolling production deadline, yes,
10
    your Honor.
11
              THE COURT: Which takes us to when?
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              MR. CARTER: January 30th, if I'm correct.
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              THE COURT: I don't have a problem with that.
              MR. KABAT: Your Honor, we would also request that the
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15
    summary judgment deadline would be extended correspondingly.
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              THE COURT: That's obviously going to have to shift
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    other dates. Candidly, I tried to call Judge Daniels right
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    before this conference to let him know that that was one of the
     applications and to see whether he had any strong views.
19
     Perhaps fortunately for you folks, I wasn't able to reach him.
20
     As far as I'm concerned, that necessitates readjusting all of
21
     the other dates that we're talking about.
23
              What do you suggest as an extension as to MWL and
24
    IIRO?
25
              MR. CARTER: Your Honor, in terms of the production of
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the actual documents, I'm not really sure that it makes sense to give them more time than other defendants by virtue of their failure to make a diligent search to this point.

What I would ask, though, because of the track record we have with these particular defendants, is that we have a pause from our obligation to collect everything potentially responsive to their requests and give us an opportunity to focus on making our productions to the other defendants. I think we would be in a position to produce our documents to the Muslim World League and IIRO say some 30 days after they had completed their production.

THE COURT: I'm not going to do that. What I'm going to do is extend the rolling discovery deadline for both sides as to those defendants for the same 60 days. If I see some good-faith effort to move forward in terms of document production, maybe there will be some additional adjustment. If I don't, there is not much point in me extending this ad nauseam.

MR. CARTER: Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: I guess I will do the same with respect to Wa'el Jalaidan.

MR. CARTER: Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: It seemed to me there were issues as to whether banking records were in Mr. Jalaidan's position or a representation that they were not in his possession versus the SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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plaintiffs' view, which I agree with, that if they are in his custody or control, they are also producible, and that if he has the practical ability to get them from his banks, they are within his control.

Part of the response that I received from you, Mr. McMahon, was, well, the accounts have all been seized. I have no doubt that perhaps he couldn't write a check against one or more of these accounts, but that's not the same as saying that he can't obtain records that relate to them.

MR. McMAHON: Your Honor, I have had a lot of experience with designated entities, for good and bad. Banks are conservative institutions to begin with. They would hesitate to have any kind of dialogue with respect to alleged designated terrorists because without having procured a license, for example, from OFAC, you can't deal with such people, you're breaking the law.

I think they would be very hesitant to do anything. And Jalaidan I guess would have to pay attorney's fees to the bank to hire special counsel to investigate all of this to see whether or not they are even allowed to take a request from him for certain bank records that are no longer in his physical possession but in the bank's control.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, effectively what Mr. Jalaidan is trying to do is use his designation by the United States and the UN as a shield from the discovery process. In articulating SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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that position, all he gave us was a very generic affirmation in which he said, for instance, that he has contacted some of his banks but that effectively they won't take his calls.

We don't see any sort of documentation establishing the kind of diligent effort to obtain the records that one would expect, particularly from someone who is trying in good faith to obtain records that in his position to the Court would exonerate him from the claims in this litigation. We don't see letters from counsel or anything of that nature.

THE COURT: Since he is a designated terrorist, apparently, I've indicated how I would expect the record to be made clear with respect to MWL and IIRO. I would anticipate that there would be some complications whether you're taking his deposition regarding documents or as to the merits of this case. How do you envision that unfolding if indeed the case goes forward as against him?

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, I think what we had in mind at this point was simply an order for him to undertake all diligent efforts to obtain the bank records and to provide the Court and the plaintiffs with some documentation verifying that he has done that.

As your Honor saw, we produced an affidavit from Professor Gerulli, who in large degree was the architect of the executive order 13224 program that liaisoned to the UN relative to its program. He is quite clear that the programs don't SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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prohibit the banks from sharing this information. And the record seems to establish that in that one of the banks Mr. Jalaidan says he can't get records from is Faisal Finance, which gave him records three years after his designation.

What we are really looking for is some record to establish that he has undertaken those efforts.

THE COURT: He's produced records. Does that necessarily mean that he obtained them from the bank rather than from his own files?

MR. CARTER: He is producing a 2005 account statement from a bank that froze his account in 2002.

THE COURT: If he had that in his back pocket, then he didn't need to go to the bank.

MR. CARTER: What I'm saying is he is taking the position that from the date of the freezing of his accounts, all of his banks have uniformly refused to deal with him and to provide him bank statements, yet he has a bank statement from three years after that point in time.

THE COURT: I see your point. I guess, Mr. McMahon, it comes down to the same thing I said with respect to your other two clients, namely, that there has to be a full-court press. And, as Mr. Carter indicated and I've said before, it has to be documented. If you're not sufficiently able to document a vigorous effort to obtain those documents, it may be that sanctions are imposed.

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MR. McMAHON: Your Honor, if I could ask Mr. Carter this. What precludes the plaintiffs' lawyers from issuing subpoenas to these banks and demanding the Jalaidan records? Then they might have an excuse to produce the records, that they are not dealing with global terrorists, they are producing records pursuant to a valid subpoena.

THE COURT: I'll let Mr. Carter answer that, but my answer to it is they have the right to ask the defendant produce that which is in his control. You're saying it's not within his control, but I'm not sure this has adequately been established.

MR. McMAHON: They have a track record, your Honor, of seeking extrajudicial assistance throughout the course of the litigation. I'm just curious if they even tried one of these things to see what the response was.

MR. CARTER: Your Honor, they are beyond the subpoena power, so it's not a simple matter of issuing a subpoena. I think what we are running into here is a problem that we have run into consistently, which is an effort to reformulate the discovery process in a manner that deserves the defendants' interests but bears no relationship to the rules. We have seen it with the Muslim World League and the IIRO, and we are seeing it with Mr. Jalaidan.

If there is a record that he has undertaken good faith and diligent efforts to obtain these records and has been SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

35 1bgr911c unable to, a joint application to this court for letters rogatory to a foreign tribunal may make sense. But that is a 3 time-consuming process and we are trying to adhere to a schedule. Until he has undertaken his direct efforts, I don't see a point of going down that road. 6 THE COURT: I agree. Can we move on from Mr. 7 Jalaidan? 8 MR. CARTER: Your Honor, there was one issue in that, 9 and also a request, that the time frame as to Mr. Jalaidan, 10 particularly with respect to bank records, go back to 1988. 11 THE COURT: I'm going to deny that request without 12 prejudice. 13 MR. CARTER: Thank you, your Honor. THE COURT: That brings us to the agenda letter and 14 15 the remaining points on it. I appreciate the report that I 16 received as to other defendants. I know that there was a 17 request regarding the deposition transcripts of Dr. Mirza, Dr. 18 Barzinji, and a third deponent. What else is there to discuss 19 today? 20 MR. CARTER: Your Honor, there was the scheduling 21 issue, which I think the Court has addressed. 22 THE COURT: Right. 23 MR. CARTER: We have one issue that wasn't on the 24 agenda letter simply because it came up on Monday of this week 25 and has no bearing on any of the defendants here, if I could SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

36 1bgr911c 1 take a moment. 2 THE COURT: Sure. 3 MR. CARTER: It deals with your Honor's report and recommendation on the al-Qaeda default judgment, the monetary 5 award on behalf of certain of the Federal Insurance plans. 6 THE COURT: You haven't collected the full amount yet? ${\tt MR.}$ CARTER: We have not. There is, however, an 7 8 ongoing forfeiture proceeding in the Northern District of 9 Illinois through which the government is seeking to seize 10 approximately \$6.6 million in al~Qaeda assets. We have 11 appeared in that proceeding. 12 THE COURT: I thought you sent a letter to Judge 13 Daniels. MR. CARTER: We did, and a proposed order. One of the 14 15 things that we would like to have very much in a somewhat 16 urgent time frame is a ruling on that so that we can present 17 that to the Court in Chicago. 18 THE COURT: Yes. I work for him, not the other way 19 around, but I was going to urge him to turn to the Al Haramain objections as well. I'll try to take up both those issues with 20 him this week. 21 22 MR. CARTER: Thank you, your Honor. 23 THE COURT: Anything else? 24 MR. KREINDLER: Yes, your Honor. This is for the next 25 conference. SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

37 1bgr911c 1 THE COURT: Do we have a date by the way? MR. KREINDLER: It's the December conference. 2 THE COURT: There is a date scheduled? 3 4 MR. KREINDLER: Yes. This is the defendants' request 5 from us for information on standing and the plaintiffs' 6 damages. If I spend two, three minutes on it, I think we can 7 save hours of future brief writing and discussion. 8 THE COURT: Sure. 9 MR. KREINDLER: First of all, I think it is important 10 to keep in mind where we are trying to go on this case. This 11 is not the regular case where there is going to be varying 12 individual damages. Speaking personally, my goal is a uniform 13 recovery on each death case and each injury case and an allocation to the economic and property damage plaintiffs. 14 15 any information about whether a victim was married or had 16 children or who is the executor or how many people are involved 17 really isn't going to be relevant here. 18 Second, as a practical matter, the only way this case 19 is going to work --THE COURT: Wait. Let me stop you at point one. 20 21 probably not the judge who should be asking this question, it's probably Judge Daniels, but let's say that every victim was 23 single and childless or, conversely, every victim was married and had 12 children. Wouldn't that affect the equation? 24 25 MR. KREINDLER: As a practical it's not going to here, SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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your Honor. The precedent is the numbers used now by the foreign claims commission for all terrorist claims against Libya, which is 10 million a death, 3 million an injury. That is our goal. People receive damages from the VCF, some received damages from the insurers for American and United. Some didn't sue at all.

The common element here is driven by and of the intentional tort punitive damages type of case. The way we are handling the case is on that uniform basis.

Now, if any one of these defendants or any group of defendants got to the point where they wanted to talk about settlement, it would not be making 25,000 offers on each injury and death case. As a practical matter, a defendant would come forward and say, we want out of this case, we can put up a hundred million dollars, what can we do? Then, with the Court's assistance, we would find a mechanism with your Honor or special master to create a fund following the proportions that we have recommended to our clients.

THE COURT: I guess some of this must have been followed in the Libya case?

MR. KREINDLER: Exactly. It's a paradigm that the state department and the justice department and the administration are using with Libya, and it's the model we're following in other cases, the Mumbai case, etc.

Right here I want to say that apart from wasting SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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thousands and thousands of hours of going to all these families and saying who was appointed -- it's a colossal waste of time and it doesn't advance the litigation.

One specific thing came up, and really this is my request that the defendants withdraw a demand. What is coming up ahead is an ostensible standing issue under the VCF. The defendants have focused on the language of the VCF to advance an argument that some plaintiffs may be eligible against some defendants. It just isn't the case. Let me lay it out right now. Here is the legislative history of how the VCF came about.

Senator Schumer passed the first version. Five minutes after it came out, my father and I called him up -- my dad had known him for 30 years -- and said, Chuck, you screwed it up, you forgot to leave the exemption for the suit we're working on against the backers of al-Qaeda. He said, oops, we'll fix it up. The fix three or four days later was to permit these very suits that we have been litigating for ten years. Now, if there is any doubt about what I'm saying, I can have Senator Schumer verify it. Ken Feinberg will verify it.

I would like now to take all these nonissues that will waste hundreds and thousands of hours out of the case so we can be at a point in the very near future where we're not doing exactly what we are doing with you and pulling teeth to get liability documents.

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I think the case can move forward. If the defendants need Ken Feinberg or Senator Schumer to verify what I'm saying here on the record, we can do that. But I'm representing that that's the fact. I'd request that they withdraw those demands.

THE COURT: Let's assume that everything you said, I have no reason not to, is a hundred percent accurate. If the legislation is unambiguous and reads the other way, aren't the plaintiffs entitled perhaps to discovery but at least to make the argument that the statute unambiguously requires something other than what you just said?

(Pause)

THE COURT: Off the record. (Discussion off the record)

THE COURT: Now we are on the record.

MR. KREINDLER: I wanted to bring it up now. I think it is unambiguous. I wanted to say what I just said because I think we can save a lot of time. Defendants can call me about it tomorrow or next week to discuss it further. But I would like to focus on the work that must be done and not be diverted by things that are going to wind up being irrelevant.

THE COURT: I guess ultimately, absent some agreement, it becomes a discovery issue as to whether that discovery is or is not appropriate.

MR. KREINDLER: Yes. Our position is that we are doing liability discovery, which is the defendants' conduct, SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

1bgr911c whether it's called standing or damages, and it's premature to waste any time on it until we get to the point of the 3 possibility of the defendants paying money to some of the 4 victims. 5 THE COURT: It may be that discovery gets staged and 6 that this is stage 2 if it's at any point relevant. MR. KREINDLER: Right. 7 8 THE COURT: But I will duck the issue rather than 9 resolving the issue, which in a sense solves your problem. 10 think it is appropriate for the parties, as you said, to talk 11 first, and then we'll talk some more about it in December. 12 MR. KREINDLER: OK. 13 MS. BERGOFFEN: Your Honor, if I may respond with 14 regard to the motion on the consolidated requests? 15 THE COURT: Sure. 16 MS. BERGOFFEN: As your Honor put it, this is an issue 17 for a discovery brief. We have submitted to the plaintiffs a 18 brief and given them an extension on a response. I think, with 19 all due respect, Mr. Kreindler's response oversimplifies the position that we have taken in that brief, and it does need to 20 21 be fully briefed on the papers to address the legal issues. If I may for a moment, there are many issues with 23 regard to standing. As you know, standing is an issue as to 24 liability rather than damages. With regard to the VCF point, 25 as I state in our papers, it's not simply a matter of whether SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

42 1bgr911c or not the VCF allows suits to go forward, it's what the standard would be once you're under the VCF and once a 3 potential plaintiff has actually become under the victims compensation fund. All of this is borne out in our papers and, with 6 respect, needs to be fully briefed before the Court. It isn't 7 something that can just be summarily dismissed based on Mr. 8 Kreindler's statements. 9 THE COURT: Let's talk about it more next month. 10 MS. BERGOFFEN: Very good. Thank you. 11 THE COURT: Why shouldn't I direct that plaintiffs 12 turn over the three deposition transcripts? 13 MR. BARENTZEN: Your Honor, Steven Barentzen on behalf of Dr. Jamal Barzinji. Should I walk over that that podium to 14 15 speak? 16 THE DEFENDANT: Ms. Luque, can you hear? 17 THE COURT: You're good where you are. 18 MR. BARENTZEN: I prefer to go to the podium if I'm 19 allowed to, because I've got a place to put my stuff. THE COURT: Be my quest. However, make sure that that 20 21 microphone is plugged in, because it may not help you. 22 MR. BARENTZEN: I have a pretty loud voice. I'm not 23 sure the microphone is going to be necessary. 24 The short story is we do not and never have had any 25 objection to any of the current parties to this case ordering SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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from the court reporter a copy of the transcripts provided they are willing to be bound by the confidentiality provisions that we agreed to in our resolution agreement with the plaintiffs. I think we shouldn't have to give them over, I think you have to buy them, but that's besides the point.

I think this letter application that you got is a classic example of why they have meet-and-confer rules in the place in the first place. Had nobody anybody to call us, they would have known that and maybe I wouldn't have had to come up here.

I look at the letter that you are looking at right now. Four attorneys signed it. When I got it and looked at it, I said, what is this thing? I emailed the court reporter and I said, which of those four have actually asked for a copy of the transcript? Three of them had not. Only one had, had only asked for one transcript, and that was WAMY's counsel, Mr. Mohammedi. I'm going to back up a little bit and explain how that happened.

I do want to say that there is a legitimate issue as to former defendants who have been dismissed and who are now on appeal at the Second Circuit getting copies of those deposition transcripts. As to those people, we have objected to them getting them because that was not part of our bargain with the plaintiffs. We would like an order from the Court to that effect, because I know that at least one of those defendants SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

44 1bgr911c 1 has been trying to get those things. 2 THE COURT: Who was dismissed and is seeking the 3 transcript? 4 MR. BARENTZEN: The lawyers for Yousef Jameel. I 5 think it is at the Bancroft firm. A couple of different lawyers I have been dealing with. They are not part of the 6 7 this application at all. 8 THE COURT: I don't see them in the letter 9 application. 10 MR. BARENTZEN: They are not part of the application. 11 Four lawyers signed it: Mr. Mohammedi; Mr. Kabat, who was at 12 the depositions who the day before he signed this letter, I 13 exchanged emails with him about what we are going do at these depositions. The other two lawyers who signed it were Chris 14 15 Manning, who I haven't spoken to about this case in two years, 16 and Martin McMahon, who is on the phone, has never been at any 17 of these depositions, I have never heard from. 18 To back up briefly, I think this issue started at the 19 time of the depositions in the first place. If you remember, 20 they had been noticed on a very short notice by the plaintiffs. 21 We had negotiated confidentiality and finality with our 22 resolution agreement. That's what we were trying to protect. 23 THE COURT: Right. I had forgotten the context. This 24 was your way out. 25 MR. BARENTZEN: Exactly. Due to no fault of our own, SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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the plaintiffs noticed these depositions on very short notice.

Some of the defendants objected, they wanted them moved. We

said no, we want to hold the plaintiffs' feet to the fire.

That's what we negotiated and that's what we ended up doing,

5 and I absolutely think it was the right thing to do.
6 The other defendants counsel, like WAMY's c

The other defendants counsel, like WAMY's counsel Mr. Mohammedi, rather than call us, rather than talk to us, they told you that we were trying to block them from getting into the depositions. It was never the case at all. I think your order actually said something to the effect like it was absurd for us to try to block them from going to the depositions.

THE COURT: I don't remember that. I just remember saying that it would be without prejudice to anybody's right to say we want a further deposition.

MR. BARENTZEN: There was one part of the order which we interpreted as suggesting that you thought maybe we were trying to block people. Never the case at all. We went forward. Numerous of the defense counsel showed up.

THE COURT: I don't think I suggested that you were trying to block people but were, as you just told me, desirous of standing on your rights to have it done within the particular time period pursuant to the stipulation, which at least as to one lawyer I thought made it impractical or impossible for him to attend.

MR. BARENTZEN: Ms. Luque will get to that lawyer, who SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

46 1bgr911c is Mr. Mohammedi, because we now know what he is doing and why he couldn't get there, which I think you might find interesting. The point is we did the depositions, took them. Several defendants showed up. Dubai Islamic Bank's lawyer showed up. They got the transcripts, no problem. 6 What actually happened was, because these are 7 confidential transcripts, I said to the court reporter at the 8 completion of the three depositions, listen, I don't know who's 9 going to try to get these, it might be some nonparties, it 10 might be some people outside the case. They are confidential. 11 If somebody asks for them, I'll be the lightning rod. I don't 12 want you to be in the middle of it. Just say, listen, call Mr. 13 Barentzen, talk to him. I had absolutely no intention, never have said to 14 15 anybody, that you can't have these things. It was never the 16 case other than the nonparties, who I did say that to. 17 As to the actual party that tried to call, the WAMY 18 lawyers, Ms. Luque, they have actually been actively avoiding 19 us. Instead of talking to us, instead of doing the meet-andconfer, they have actively avoided us and filed this motion. 20 21 I think maybe now Ms. Luque can explain to you the 22 background as to what has gone on with the WAMY lawyers. 23 MR. McMAHON: Your Honor, this is Mr. McMahon. Can I 24 be excused? 25 THE COURT: Fine by me.

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MR. McMAHON: Thank you. THE COURT: Ms. Luque?

MS. LUQUE: Your Honor, I appreciate your going through the extra efforts to get me on the line. I wish that Mr. McMahon hadn't gotten off. I was very troubled by his refusal to get me back on the line, particularly since in my view I was somewhat adverse to him, at least in the position that Mr. Barentzen is articulating.

I think Mr. Barentzen and I felt that the Court may have been somewhat disappointed in thinking that we were trying to avoid our obligations. I think that is maybe what we got a sense out of your order.

THE COURT: I guess maybe I had the sense that you were playing hardball but well within your rights. I may have conveyed that thought. Maybe I was more subtle, but probably not, I think I might have said this problem would go away when the depositions were adjourned.

MS. LUQUE: Yes. I appreciate what the Court is saying today. However, I think what's happened is we have become a bit of a political football here with the defendants. One of the reasons I wanted to speak to the Court is to try and get the Court's help in reminding them of their obligations to talk to us before they write letters which contain what I think are gross inaccuracies.

THE COURT: Wait. Let me ask, as to folks who are SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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 currently defendants, is there any objection to producing the transcripts subject to the confidentiality that I gather was designated at the outset of the deposition?

MS. LUQUE: No, your Honor. The inquiry I got from Mr. Mohammedi was that I provide him with a copy of the transcript, which I don't believe is appropriate. I think that court reporters everywhere don't like that.

THE COURT: That's true. Maybe there is no track record here, but I was about to ask what has happened thus far to the extent there have been depositions? Maybe there haven't been depositions except for NCB a long time ago and things like that.

MS. LUQUE: I believe maybe one of the plaintiffs ordered the transcript directly from the court reporter. Is that true, Mr. Barentzen?

MR. BARENTZEN: Yes.

THE COURT: I would assume so. They have to produce a copy to the deponent.

MS. LUQUE: That's true, your Honor. I you assumed everyone knew that they should order the transcript from the reporter. It never occurred to me that people would look to us to give them copies.

Having said that, I'd like to talk about Mr. Mohammedi just a bit. If the Court will recall, I think the Court did recall --

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THE COURT: Wait. Maybe I can short circuit this. If somebody other than Mr. Mohammedi or the other applicants is going to pay for the transcript, it seems to me it would be the plaintiff, not the deponent's counsel. But I'm not sure that it's appropriate for plaintiffs' counsel to pay for it either. Either way, I think I get to where Mr. Barentzen was a minute ago, which is this hasn't been discussed amongst the attorneys, so it seems to me it's something that ought to be discussed and brought to me next month.

MS. LUQUE: With one exception, your Honor. I want to put this on the record because I find it extremely troubling. The Court will recall and recalled a moment ago that Mr. Mohammedi apparently couldn't attend these depositions because he was traveling in Saudi Arabia. It turned out that he was contacting one of my clients, former clients, in this very matter directly to obtain an interview.

When I found out about this, I told Mr. Mohammedi that I wished to be present at least telephonically and then he could proceed with an interview.

THE COURT: You're talking about one of the deponents? MS. LUQUE: Yes, someone who was overseas.

THE COURT: OK.

MS. LUQUE: What happened, however, was that instead of arranging the interview at a time when I could be present, Mr. Mohammedi arranged for that interview to occur

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simultaneously with one of the depositions he knew would be occurring in the States and went ahead talking to my client without my presence.

It is with some distress that I wanted to be in front of the Court today. I don't understand why our former co-defendants are approaching this matter this way. Your Honor, it is somewhat troubling to me that somebody before the Court would take the position they couldn't attend noticed depositions because they were busy contacting a represented party and then particularly scheduling that interview to coincide with the deposition that that lawyer knew that I had to attend, and then on top of that to object to the Court that it was I that was keeping him from the deposition transcript and somehow impeding him.

 $\operatorname{MR.}$ MOHAMMEDI: Can I answer this, have an opportunity to answer this?

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. MOHAMMEDI: I think the first time that we were aware of this deposition was when we saw a notice of the deposition that was forwarded to us a few days before we were traveling to Saudi Arabia. At that time we were not even intending to interview anyone.

When we saw that, my associate, who is here in this court, reached out to Ms. Luque and asked her if she could postpone this deposition. She said to her, no, I will not be SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

51 1bgr911c able to do that, because there is a confidentiality agreement here and there is no way I can do this. Afterwards, when we 3 heard that, obviously we had to check. We did reach out to Ms. Luque and we spoke with her. 5 THE COURT: Did you interview one of Ms. Luque's 6 clients? 7 MR. MOHAMMEDI: That's where I'm going to. First I'd 8 like to address this issue about the deposition. 9 THE COURT: Do it in the order I'd like. Did you 10 interview Ms. Luque's client? 11 MR. MOHAMMEDI: I did know that Ms. Luque was 12 representing her client, who was actually working for WAMY. 13 THE COURT: Who was working for? MR. MOHAMMEDI: That was a witness. We were going to 14 15 interview some of the witnesses. I sat down with him and $\ensuremath{\mathsf{I}}$ 16 asked him who is representing him. He said Ms. Luque. I said 17 to him, now we need to stop this interview, I'd like you to 18 call Ms. Luque and ask her if it's OK to sit down with you in 19 her presence to interview you. For the record, I sent her an email and I mentioned 20 21 this to her. Afterwards I called her and spoke to her on the phone, she cannot deny that, for almost an hour where she was 23 arguing why I made this application to the Court to make sure I 24 will not appear in that deposition. We could not resolve that

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issue.

1bgr911c 1 I asked her about --THE COURT: Wait. If you were able to in that time 2 3 slot interview this individual, why couldn't you attend the deposition by telephone? MR. MOHAMMEDI: I was in Saudi Arabia, your Honor. I 5 6 was not here. The witness was in Saudi Arabia, was not in the United States. The deposition was held in the United States. 7 8 I could not be in two places. 9 THE COURT: Was the deposition by telephone? How was 10 this done? 11 MR. MALONEY: It was done in Virginia, your Honor, in 12 Herndon, Virginia, as noticed. That's where they lived, the 13 three witnesses. There was a fourth witness, who was not deposed, who I believe resides in Saudi Arabia. 14 15 THE COURT: The person we are talking about, Ms. 16 Luque, was not one of the deponents? 17 MS. LUQUE: No, your Honor. But, your Honor, just for 18 the record, he was a defendant in this case until the dismissal 19 which just occurred. Everyone should have known I represented 20 him. MR. MOHAMMEDI: Your Honor, I made sure --21 22 THE COURT: Wait. If he was a defendant and if Ms. 23 Luque entered a notice of appearance on his behalf, how could 24 you not know that she was representing him? 25 MR. MOHAMMEDI: I did not know it when I sat with him. SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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Your Honor should note the fact that I stopped the interview right away when he mentioned. I asked him who was representing

him, and he said Ms. Luque, and I said we have to stop this deposition -- I mean this interview.

Afterwards, I reached out to her and she said to me, I need to be present, if I can, at least in the beginning of that interview. I said that's fine. I sent her an email, which I have, and asked her if she could do it at this time. I can't remember if she replied to me, she said to me yes, it's fine. I can't remember. Something like that.

MS. LUQUE: Ha.

MR. MOHAMMEDI: What happened was that afterwards I got a confirmation from her client telling me that Ms. Luque had spoke with her, and she said it was fine, she would not be there, it would be fine if I could sit down and talk to him.

MS. LUQUE: Your Honor, that is not true.

MR. BARENTZEN: I have the emails in my hand, your Honor, which say the opposite.

THE COURT: We are not going to go down this path at 4:15 today, because I have another conference. You may have seen folks gathering in the back.

Ms. Luque, if you want to pursue this, that's fine.
Send me a letter setting forth what you believe occurred. I'll
let Mr. Mohammedi respond. What I may end up doing is

referring it to the grievance committee of the Southern SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C.

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 District, which unfortunately I also sit on but would recuse myself from this one. That is likely what I would do, which may be consistent with what you are seeking. You haven't told me your bottom line.

MS. LUQUE: Your Honor, I will be brief. My bottom line -- I will consider doing that although I'm loathe to do it. What I am more interested in is causing the lawyers in this case to proceed with civility and to contact us about the issues before troubling the Court and causing my clients to incur additional expenses.

MR. MOHAMMEDI: Your Honor, we reached out to Ms. Luque. If you read the transcript, we called the transcript committee. We have the email that said that they were directed not to provide the transcript. We have an email from the court reporter they cannot deny.

 $\mbox{MR. BARENTZEN:} \mbox{ I have the email I sent her.} \mbox{ I know exactly what I said.}$

THE COURT: Mr. Barentzen agrees that he said that he instructed the court reporter not to produce it to any requesters, I gather, other than the plaintiff unless he cleared it. I'm not troubled by that. But in terms of (a) Mr. Mohammedi and the other signers of the letter, your entitlement to the transcript, who pays for it if you're entitled to it, I want you folks to talk and we'll talk about it next month.

MR. BARENTZEN: The one thing I would ask your Honor, SOUTHERN DISTRICT REPORTERS, P.C. (212) 805-0300

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     and maybe you can rule on it now or not, do you agree with me,
     and I have spoken at least informally with Mr. Carter and other
 3
    people, that if you are dismissed as a defendant, you went and
    asked this Court to get out of this case, this Court has no
    jurisdiction on it, you're on appeal, that you are not going to
 6
    be entitled to these confidential documents? If you lose the
    appeal and you come back in, different story. But at least
 7
    while you're on appeal, and that's what we negotiated.
 9
              THE COURT: Yes is the short answer.
10
              MR. BARENTZEN: Good.
11
              THE COURT: If you're not a party to the litigation,
12
    you're not a party to the litigation. That may change down the
13
    road, but you're the same as somebody passing by the
14
     courthouse.
15
             MR. BARENTZEN: Thank you, your Honor.
16
              THE COURT: When is our conference Mr. December?
17
             MR. CARTER: The 14th, your Honor, at 2:00.
18
             THE COURT: How far out have we scheduled conferences?
19
             MR. CARTER: To February 15th, your Honor.
             THE COURT: Have we been doing these in the afternoon
20
21
    or you folks don't care?
22
             MR. CARTER: We have been doing them at 2:00.
              THE COURT: Why don't I say March 15th and April 12th,
23
24
    just to block out some dates, and May 17th. Thank you all.
25
              (Adjourned)
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